YEAR ENDING 2012

ANNUAL REPORT

NorthWestern Energy

GAS UTILITY



TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MONTANA 1701 PROSPECT AVENUE P.O. BOX 202601 HELENA, MT 59620-2601

Gas Annual Report

Table of Contents

Description		Schedule	t as t
Instructions			
Identification		. 1	•
Board of Directors		2	
Officers		3	
Corporate Structure		4	
Corporate Allocations		5	
Affiliate Transactions - To the Utility		6	•
Affiliate Transactions - By the Utility		7	
Montana Utility Income Statement		8	
Montana Revenues		9	
Montana Operation and Maintenance Expenses		10	. <u>.</u>
Montana Taxes Other Than Income	·	11	
Payments for Services		12	:
Political Action Committees/Political Contributions		13	
Pension Costs		14	
Other Post Employment Benefits		15	· .
Top Ten Montana Compensated Employees	· ·	16	• •
Top Five Corporate Compensated Employees		17	· •
Balance Sheet		18	

• • •	Description	Schedule
	Montana Plant in Service	19
	Montana Depreciation Summary	. 20
•	Montana Materials and Supplies	.21
	Montana Regulatory Capital Structure	22
	Statement of Cash Flows	23
	Long Term Debt	24
	Preferred Stock	25
	Common Stock	26
	Montana Earned Rate of Return	27
	Montana Composite Statistics	28
· .	Montana Customer Information	29
	Montana Employee Counts	30
	Montana Construction Budget	31
	Transmission, Distribution and Storage Systems	32
	Sources of Gas Supply	33
	MT Conservation and Demand Side Mgmt. Programs	34
	Montana Consumption and Revenues	35
	Natural Gas Universal System Benefits Programs	36a
	Montana Conservation and Demand Side Management Programs	36b

Sch. 1	IDENTIFICATION	
1 2 3 4	Legal Name of Respondent: Name Under Which Respondent Does Business:	NorthWestern Corporation NorthWestern Energy
5 6 7 8 9 10	Date Utility Service First Offered in Montana: Person Responsible for Report:	Electricity - Dec 12, 1912 Natural Gas - Jan 01, 1933 Propane - Oct 13, 1995 Kendall G. Kliewer
11	Telephone Number for Report Inquiries:	(406) 497-2759
13 14 15 16 17 18	Address for Correspondence Concerning Report:	40 East Broadway Street Butte, MT 59701
	If direct control over respondent is held by another e	
	address, means by which control is held and percent entity: N/A	
	• •	
	entity:	
	entity:	
•	entity:	
	entity:	

2	BOARD OF DIRECTORS Director's Name & Address (City, State)									
1 2 3	See Northwestern Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K									
4 5 6										
7 8 9 0	an a	la superior de la sola de la sola La sola de la								
				•						
				•						
		_								
1 2 3										

2322	THE	OFFICERS	k F
1	Title	Department Supervised	Name
2			1
3		· .	
4	President & Chief Executive Officer	Executive	Robert Rowe
5			
6	· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7	Vice President,	Tax, internal Audit, Credit	Brian Bird
8	Chief Financial Officer	Financial Planning and Analysis	
9		Controller and Treasury Functions	
		Investor Relations and Corporate Finance	
1	e d'a d'	Cash Management and Financial Applications Business Technology	
2 3		Energy Risk Management	· · ·
4		Flight Services, Executive Compensation	
5		I light Corvices, Executive Compensation	
3	Vice President,	Legal Services	Heather Graham
	General Counsel	Corporate Secretary	
3		Records Management	а — эк. - к
		Risk Management	
		5	
	Vice President,	Distribution Operations - MT/SD/NE	Curt Pohl
2	Distribution Operations	Construction, Engineering, and Planning	
		Organizational Development & Labor Relations	
		Distribution Infrastructure	
		Safety/Health/Environmental Services	
		Support Services	
	· · · ·		
	Vice President,	Regional System Planning and Engineering	Michael Cashel
ĺ	Transmission	Gas Transmission & Storage	
		Transmission Services	
		Systems Operations Control Center	
		Transmission Business Development and Analysis	
		Organizational Performance & Asset Management	
	Vice President,	Production & Generation Operations	John Hines
	Supply	Energy Supply Planning, Regulatory, &	
		Marketing	
		Energy Supply Long-Term Resources	
	Vice President,	Government & Regulatory Affairs	Patrick Corcoran
	Government & Regulatory Affairs		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2m
	Vice President,	Corporate Communications	Bobbi Schroeppe
	Customer Care, Communications &	Account and Analysis	
	Human Resources	Infrastructure Systems and Support	•
		Customer Care	
		Key Accounts/Customer Education	
		Human Resources	а.
	Chief Audit & Compliance Officer	Internal Audit	Michael Minus
	Chief Audit & Compliance Officer	Internal Audit	Michael Nieman
		Enterprise Risk	
	Vice President, Controller	Financial Reporting	Kendall Kliewer
		Accounting	Nendali Nilewel
		Accounts Payable/Payroll	
		Compensation and Benefits	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
₹ef	flects active officers as of December 31, 20	12.	

		TE STRUCTURE			
	Subsidiary/Company Name	Line of Business	Ear	nings (000)	% of To
gulate	d Operations (Jurisdictional & Non-Jurisdictio	nal)	\$	110,436	112.22
1	NorthWestern Corporation:			• :	•
Ň	Montana Utility Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility Natural Gas Pipeline (including CMP) Propane Utility Natural Gas Funding Trust - (Bond Transition Financing) 1/			
S	South Dakota Utility Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility			
N	lebraska Utility Operations	Natural Gas Utility		· · · · ·	
eguiat	ted Operations		\$	(12,030)	-12.22
D)irect Subsidiaries:				
	NorthWestern Services, LLC	Nonregulated natural gas marketing, property management			
	Clark Fork and Blackfoot, LLC	Former Milltown hydroelectric facility			
	NorthWestern Investments, LLC	Holds non-utility assets			
	Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.	Captive insurance company			
	Mountain States Transmission Intertie, LLC	Will hold new transmission infrastructure assets			
Inc	direct Subsidiaries:				
	Montana Generation, LLC	Non-regulated energy marketing			
Corp	oration		\$	98,406	100.00%

	: · · · · ·				
	CORPORATE ALLOCATI				
	Sold Oldric ALLOCATI			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Departments Allocated	Description of Services	Allocation Method	\$ to MT EI & Gas Utilities	MTO	
			Gas Otilities	_MT %	\$ to Other
				1	
Controller	Includes the following demostry of the table of the table				
	Includes the following departments: Controller, Accounting Accounts Payable, Payroll, Financial Reporting	Overhead costs not charged directly are	\$32,667,942	84.92%	\$5,800,7
	and Compensation & Benefits	typically allocated based on a 3-factor			
		formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			
		and margin.			2
Customer Care	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	00.055.000		
	Customer Care Combined, Customer Care SD&NE	typically allocated based on a 3-factor	20,055,866	76.52%	6,153,4
	CC MT, Business Develop, Corp Communications & Contributions	formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			
	Human Resources and Print Services	and margin.		•	: 1
Legal Department	Includes the following departments:		.		· .
	Chief Legal, Record Services, Risk Mgmt	Overhead costs not charged directly are	12,266,620	81.98%	2,696,7
		typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor,		. }	
		and margin.			
Finance					· · ·
i mance	Includes the following departments: CFO, Treasury, FP&A	Overhead costs not charged directly are	14,663,469	75.08%	4.007.0
	Tax, Investor Relations, Corporate Aircraft,	typically allocated based on a 3-factor	1 1,000, 100	10.00 /0	4,867,9
	Business Technology Applications, Security, Data Center, Project Management & Asset Control and Capital Related Exp.	formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			
	roject management & Asset Control and Capital Related Exp.	and margin.			•
Regulatory and Gov't Affairs	Includes the following departments:	Overhead asstant to the true of			
	Regulatory Affairs, Load Research	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor	3,798,229	81.67%	852,2
	Government Affairs, Reg Support Services.	formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			1
	Community Relations & Public Affairs.	and margin.			
Executive Department					
Excounce Department	Includes the following departments: CEO, and Board of Directors	Overhead costs not charged directly are	1,967,505	71.86%	770,6
	OEO, and Board of Directors	typically allocated based on a 3-factor	,,		
		formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			• •
		and margin.		-11 - 1	
Audit & Controls	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	705-70-		
	Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management	typically allocated based on a 3-factor	765,723	74.00%	269,0
		formula consisting of gross plant, labor,			
		and margin.			· .
Distribution	Includes the following departments:				•
	Sioux Falls Facilities and Mail Services	Overhead costs not charged directly are	559,012	74.00%	196,4
		typically allocated based on a 3-factor		, i	
		formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
TOTAL					
TOTAL		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$86,744,366	· .	

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Sch. 6	AFF	ILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PROD	UCTS & SERVICES PROVIDED TO UT	LITY		
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	Charges to Utility	% of Total Affil. Rev.	Charges to MT Utility
1 2 3	Nonutility Subsidiaries	• • •				
4	Total Nonutility Subsidiaries	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	\$0	· · · ·	\$0
5	Total Nonutility Subsidiaries Revenues	: 	· · · · ·	\$0		
6 7		·				
8 9 10	Utility Subsidiaries				•	
11	Total Utility Subsidiaries		<u> </u>	\$0		\$0
12	Total Utility Subsidiaries Revenues	ł		\$2,026,284		
13	TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS			\$0		\$0

		κ				1. 194 <u>1</u>
. 7		AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUC	TS & SERVICES PROVIDED BY UTILIT	Υ		
				Charges	% of Total	Revenues
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Affiliate	Affil, Exp.	to MT Utility
1	; .					
2	Nonutility Subsidiaries					
3						
4						•
5			1		<u></u>	
	tal Nonutility Subsidiaries			\$0		\$
7 To	tal Nonutility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$0		
8						
9			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
10					· · · ·	1. #
11	Utility Subsidiaries					
12						
13 Na	atural Gas Funding Trust	Metering and billing services	Negotiated Contract Rate	\$500,000	95.2%	\$500,00
14						
15 To	otal Utility Subsidiaries			\$500,000		\$500,00
16 To	otal Utility Subsidiaries Expenses			\$549,087		
17 TC	OTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$500,000		\$500,000

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Schedule 7

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THE REPORT

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Sch. 8	h. 8. MONTANA UTILITY INCOME STATEMENT - NATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CMP)										
		Account Number & Title	Т	his Year Cons. - Utility	1	n Jurisdictional Adjustments	:	This Year Montana		Last Year Montana	% Change
1 2 3	400	Operating Revenues	\$	255,520,356	\$	72,619,931	\$	182,900,425	\$	222,369,147	-17.75%
4	Total Ope	rating Revenues		255,520,356		72,619,931		182,900,425		222,369,147	-17.75%
5 6 7		Operating Expenses									
8	401	Operation Expense		171,539,594		53,851,706		117,687,888		149,984,384	-21.53%
9	402	Maintenance Expense		8,836,341		1,723,164		7,113,177		6,813,966	4.39%
10	403	Depreciation Expense	Í	19,337,279	ľ	5,603,529		13,733,750		13,018,302	5.50%
11	404-405	Amort. & Depletion of Gas Plant		2,359,469		297,828		2,061,641	. •	2,297,019	-10.25%
12	406	Amort. of Plant Acquisition Adj.		(2,288,552)		(2,288,552)		-		·	
13	407.3	Regulatory Amortizations - Debit		8,996,720		1,980,201		7,016,519		12,539,034	-44.04%
14	407.4	Regulatory Amortizations - Credit		(5,206,258)		(64,694)		(5,141,564)		(3,365,193)	-52.79%
15	408.1	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes	1	27,434,889		1,871,848		25,563,041		23,325,573	9.59%
16	409.1	Income Taxes-Federal		5,672,938		4,831,675		841,263		75,323	>300.00%
17		-Other		(542,795)		(541,595)		(1,200)		14,390	-108.34%
18	410.1	Deferred income Taxes-Dr.	[75,014,009		9,314,578		65,699,431		30,558,211	115.00%
19	411.1	Deferred income Taxes-Cr.		(79,752,373)		(11,249,631)		(68,502,742)		(29,474,773)	-132.41%
20	411.4	Investment Tax Credit Adj.		(32,535)		(32,535)		-		-	- j
21											
22	Total Oper	ating Expenses		231,368,726		65,297,522		166,071,204		205,786,236	-19.30%
23[NET OPER	ATING INCOME	\$	24,151,630	\$	7,322,409	\$	16,829,221	\$	16,582,911	1.49%

This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, in accordance with FERC requirements, subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian Montana Pipeline Corporation.

Sch. 9	MONTANA REV	ENUES - NATURA	L GAS (INCLUDE	ES CMP)	· · · ·	
			Non			
		This Year Cons.	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year	
	Account Number & Title	Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change
1 2		· · · · ·	*.			
4		\$ 142,468,785	\$ 40,307,196	\$ 102,161,589	\$ 124,123,425	-17.69%
5		75,312,684	23,695,874	51,616,810	63,396,389	-18.58%
6		1,012,511	-	1,012,511	1,465,611	-30.92%
7		460,505		460,505	509,413	-9.60%
8		438,189	-	438,189	535,898	-18.23%
9			-	-	-	-
	Total Sales to Core DBUs	219,692,674	64,003,070	155,689,604	190,030,736	-18.07%
12		210,002,074	0-1,000,010	100,000,004	100,000,100	10.07 %
13		1,798,682	_	1,798,682	7,278,167	-75.29%
14						
	Total Sales of Natural Gas	221,491,356	64,003,070	157,488,286	197,308,903	-20.18%
16	496.1 Provision for Rate Refunds	1,110,553	• •	1,110,553	(69,900)	>300.00%
17		000 001 000	04.000.070	450 500 000	407,000,000	10.50%
18	Total Revenue Net of Rate Refunds	222,601,909	64,003,070	158,598,839	197,239,003	-19.59%
17	Transportation	-				
18	in entrep en tablem					
19	489 Transportation (inc. CMP)	29,345,208	8,055,878	21,289,330	21,593,863	-1.41%
20	495 Off System Storage		-	-	. -	-
21						
	Total Revenues From Transportation	29,345,208	8,055,878	21,289,330	21,593,863	-1.41%
23 24	Other Operating Revenue					
24	Other Operating Revenue			·	ļ	
26	Miscellaneous Revenues	3,573,239	560,983	3,012,256	3,536,281	-14.82%
27				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Total Other Operating Revenue	3,573,239	560,983	3,012,256	3,536,281	-14.82%
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 255,520,356	\$ 72,619,931	\$ 182,900,425	\$ 222,369,147	-17.75%
30						
31	Sales for Resale reported on line 13	roproporte op and of	f system sales from	ovocco supply		
33	Revenues generated from these sale				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
34	This line consists of sales for resale					
35	which only reflects sales to other utili		,			
36						1
37		···		·····		

Schedule 9

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Non Account Number & Tile This Year Cons. Non Subsisticitional This Year Last Year Actional Montana Montana	Sch.		NCE EXPENSES - N	ATURAL GAS (INC	CLUDES CMP)]
Account Number & Titles Developing Addustments Montana Montana Montana Montana 1 Gas Raw Materials-Operation 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	•							
1 Gas Raw Materials 2:Gas Raw Materials 2:Gas Raw Materials 2:Gas Raw Materials 2:Gas Raw Materials Maintenance 7:764 Deartion-Gas Raw Materials 2:12:14 2:13:14 2:13:14 7:765 Materials Maintenance 2:12:14 2:13:14 2:13:14 7:765 Gas Raw Materials 2:12:14 2:13:14 2:13:14 7:765 Gas Raw Materials 2:12:14 2:13:14 2:13:14 7:765 Gas Raw Materials 2:12:14 2:12:14 2:12:14 7:765 Gas Materials Maintenance 2:12:14 2:12:14 2:12:14 7:77 Cas Materials 2:12:14 2:12:14 2:12:14 7:77 Cas Materials 2:12:14 2:12:14 2:12:14 7:78 Field Lines Spenses 3:96:770 3:96:770 2:31:25 7:15:7% 7:78 Field Cong. Station Fuel & Power 1:18:16 1:16:36 1:17:17 5:15:7% 7:79 Field Cong. Station Fuel & Power 1:15:26 1:15:26 1:15:26 1:15:26 1:15:26 1:15:27 5:15:15 7:79 Field Mas Spenses <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
2 Case Raw Materials-Operation \$ S S \$ <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Utility</td><td>Adjustments</td><td>Montana</td><td>Montana:</td><td>% Change</td><td>n se a a la como de la En la como de la como de</td></td<>			Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana:	% Change	n se a a la como de la En la como de
3 728 Liquefice Petroleum Gas \$<	1:) ·				prista ta San	
4 735 Migealineous Production Spenses 7 Total Operation-Gas Raw Materials 21.214 21.214 7 Gas Raw Materials 21.214 21.214 - 7 Total Gas Raw Materials 21.214 21.214 - 7 Total Gas Raw Materials 21.214 - - 7 Total Gas Materials 21.716 - - - 7 Total Gas Materials - - - - - - - - -							1782 (* 1975) 1782 (* 1975)	•
5 Total Derution-Gas Raw Materials	1.		b	\$ ⁴ 25 → €	\$.	\$	i station and the	
Cas Raw Materials-Maintenance 21.214 21.214						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
7 Clas. Raw Materials-Maintenance 8 741 21.214 21.214 21.214 1 Total Maintenance-Gas Raw Materials 21.214 21.214 21.214 1 Total Maintenance-Gas Raw Materials 21.214 21.214 21.214 1 Production & Cathering-Operation 21.214 21.214 21.214 1 Production & Cathering-Operation 366.770 231.255 71.57% 1 Total Maintenance 217.166 97.476 122.79% 1 755 Field Compressor Station Excense 217.166 97.476 122.79% 1 755 Field Compressor Station Excense 115.991 115.991 13.686 300.00% 2 756 Field Compressor Station Excense 15.991 13.697 13.868 300.00% 2 765 Gat Maintenance 115.991 13.697 13.868 300.00% 2 768 Gat Wall Royalhes 157.025 157.025 18.33% 2 769 Other Expenses<								
B 741 Structures & improvements 21,214 21,214 - 1 Total Gas Raw Materials 21,214 21,214 - - 1 Production & Expenses - - - - 2 Production & Eathering-Operation - - - - 1 700 Supervision & Engineering 260,029 - 5,604 >300,00% 1 714 Maps & Records 200,029 5,604 >300,00% 1 715 Maps & Records 200,029 5,604 >300,00% 1 715 Maps & Records 200,029 5,604 >300,00% 1 716 Bield Lines Expenses 396,770 231,255 71,57% 1 716 Field Comp Station Expense 1158 1168 141,88 143,898 42,758 2 716 Field Comp Station Expense 115,702 15,702 255,19% 55,19% 2 776 Res Materiale 118 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 1 · 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					- 1 · 1			
c) Total Maintenance-Gas Rew Materials 21,214 21,214 - - 1 Total Cas Rew Materials 21,214 - - - 12 Production & Cathering-Operation - - - - 17 Maps & Records - 280,029 5,604 >300,00% 16 752 Maps & Records - 231,255 71.57% 17 Total Maintenance - - - - 17 Maps & Records - - 231,255 71.57% 17 Field Lines Expenses 396,770 231,255 71.57% 17 Field Comp. Station Fuel & Power 81,183 81,184 141,936 +42.80% 17 Total Maint Gradual Strees 115,691 115,702 135,688 >300.00% 17 757 Dehydration Expenses 951,741 951,741 285,068 213.90% 17 Fotal Meas. & Reg. Station Field Meas. & Reg. Station Fiel	1 8	1	21,214	21.214	-	-	-	
10 Total Gas Rew Materials 21,214 21,214 - 11 Production Expenses - - - 12 Production Expenses - - - - 13 Production Expenses 396,770 - 396,770 231,255 71,578 16 752 Gas Wells Expenses 396,770 - 396,770 231,255 71,578 17 753 Field Compressor Station Expense 16,592 115,991 115,991 115,991 115,991 115,991 115,991 156,892 156,082 55,042 - 56,792 27 756 Cas Well Royattes 157,026 157,026 350,425 -56,198 28 Total Oper-Production & Gathering 2,212,886 - 2,212,881 1,56,75 188,638 26 Total Oper-Production & Gathering 2,212,886 - 2,212,881 1,56,75 188,638 27 Production Maintenance 18 118 2,154 -94,533							-	
12 Production & Gathering-Operation 260,029 260,029 5,504 >300,00% 15 751 Maps & Records 396,770 336,770 231,255 71,57% 17 753 Field Compressor Station Expenses 217,166 217,166 97,478 122,78% 18 754 Field Compressor Station Expense 217,166 217,166 97,478 122,78% 17 753 Field Compressor Station Expense 115,991 115,991 13,668 +42,80% 21 766 Gas Well Royalites 157,026 361,741 281,724 280,028 213,376 27 768 Gas Well Royalites 157,026 361,741 280,028 213,376 27 760 Cherts 16,582 1,154,014 280,028 213,376 26 702 Cherts 153,011 16,282 1,154,864 91,625 27 Food Antion Field Compressor Stations 118 118 2,114 2,646 91,625 27 Maint of Field Cheess & Rag. Stations 1,653 1,653 3,057 45,648	10	Total Gas Raw Materials	21,214	21,214	-		·	1 .
13) Production & Cathering-Operation 260,029 5.004 >300,00% 16) 751 Maps & Records 260,029 280,029 >200,029 >300,00% 17 753 Field Lines Expenses 366,770 -386,770 231,255 71,157% 18) 755 Field Comp. Station Expense 217,166 97,478 122,79% 19) 755 Field Comp. Station Expense 115,991 -116,592 10,737 54,53% 21 765 Field Mass. Reg. Station Expense 115,7026 157,026 504,425 55,19% 22 758 Other Expenses 961,741 961,741 280,005% 221,33% 24 760 Rents 16,381 -116,252 11,60 300,00% 25 Total OperProduction & Gathering 2,212,886 -2,212,886 1164,846 91,82% 26 Maint. of Field Mass. & Reg. Stations 148,23 -118 2,754 94,53% 26 Maint. of Field Mass. & Reg. Stations 12,21,286 -2,212,866 -12,212,866 -164,845 762 Maint. of Field Mass. &	4 .						1 14 1 1 1]
14 750 Supervision & Engineering 280,029 5,804 >>800,00% 15 751 Maps & Records 396,770 231,255 71,57% 17 753 Field Lines Expenses 396,770 231,255 71,57% 18 754 Field Compressor Station Expense 217,166 271,166 97,478 122,79% 19 755 Field Meas & Reg. Station Expense 115,891 118,81 113,864 200,00% 20 756 Field Meas & Reg. Station Expense 115,991 115,991 13,868 200,00% 21 756 Other Expenses 951,741 298,065 219,30% 26,672 16,381 5,675 188,23% 26 Total Oper -Production & Gathering 2,212,866 1,154,464 91,62% 26,721 1,154,646 91,62% 76 Maint of Field Lines 5,617 188,23% 26,772 54,572 11,64,646 91,62% 767 Maint of Field Lines 2,5121 2,212,866 1,57,72 1,54,572 1,54,672 1,51,650 300,00% 767 Maint of Fi	12	2						
16 761 Maps & Records 396,770 396,770 231,255 71.57% 17 753 Field Lines Expanses 396,770 231,255 71.57% 18 756 Field Comp. Station Expanse 1118 211,188 141,333 42,20% 20 756 Field Comp. Station Expanse 15,592 10,737 54,55% 21 775 Dehydration Expanse 15,592 10,727 54,55% 21 775 Dehydration Expanse 15,991 115,991 13,668 -200,00% 22 756 Field Meas. & Reg. Station Expanse 15,992 10,727 54,55% 23 759 Other Expenses 951,741 298,068 12,980,68 298,068 19,000,0% 24 Total Deper-Production & Gathering 2,212,986 -2,212,986 1,164,464 91,62% 26 Total Deper-Production & Gathering 2,212,986 -2,212,986 1,164,454 -4,4,3% 27 Production Maintenance 118 -1,165 500,00% -2,728,05% -2,728,05% -2,221,286 -2,221,286 -2,22,61						1		
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55 812 Gas Used-Other Utility OperCr. - - - - - 56 813 Other Gas Supply Expenses - - - - - - 57 Total Other Gas Supply Expenses 112,346,852 40,523,623 71,823,229 105,320,244 -31.80%			_	_	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	
56 813 Other Gas Supply Expenses -			-	-	-	-	· _	.
57 Total Other Gas Supply Expenses 112,346,852 40,523,623 71,823,229 105,320,244 -31.80%	56	813 Other Gas Supply Expenses	-		-	-		
58 Total Production Expenses 114,748,305 40,523,623 74,224,682 106,537,694 -30.33%		Total Other Gas Supply Expenses						
	58	Total Production Expenses	114,748,305	40,523,623	74,224,682	106,537,694	-30.33%	

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		ch. 1		MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTEN	ANCE EXPENSES - N	ATURAL GAS (IN	CLUDES CMP)		ente Se paga prise	-
				Account Number & Title	This Year Cons. Utility	Non Jurisdictional Adjustments	This Year Montana	Last Year Montana	% Change	
		1		Storage Expenses	a a a tra					
		3	Underg	round Storage-Operation			1 :		e tapera.	
	1	4	814	Supervision & Engineering	49,935		49,935	150,148	-66.74%	
		5	815	Maps & Records	123	-	123	29	>300.00%	
		6		Wells	260,112	-	260,112	319,350		
· ·		7	817	Lines	65,474	-	65,474	65,498	-0.04%	
	1	8	818	Compressor Station	299,204	-	299,204	372,418	-19.66%	
		9		Compressor Station Fuel & Power	-	-	-	-	-	
		10		Measuring & Regulating Station	42,902	. · -	42,902	73,736	-41.82%	-
•		11	821	Purification	92,799	-	92,799	63,245	46.73%	1
		12	824	Other Expenses	91,746	-	91,746	94,926	-3.35%	
		13 14	825 826	Storage Well Royalties Rents	112,554	-	112,554	123,838	-9.11%	
		15	Total O	peration-Underground Storage	1,014,849	-	1,014,849	1,263,188	-19.66%]
		16 17	Lindera	round Storage-Maintenance				· · ·		
		18	830	Supervision & Engineering		_	_			•
		19	831	Structures & Improvements	96,762	-	96,762	45,059	114.75%	
		20	832	Reservoirs & Wells	11,874	-	11,874	7,617	55.90%	
		21	833	Lines	7,812	-	7,812	27,001	-71.07%	
		22	834	Compressor Station Equipment	126,970	· ·	126,970	137,993	-7.99%	
	1	23	835	Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	23,188		23,188	294	>300.00%	
		24	836	Purification Equipment			-	10,891	-100.00%	
	1	25	837	Other Equipment	18,617	· -	18,617	31,729	-41.33%	
		26	Total Ma	aintenance-Underground Storage	285,223	-	285,223	260,584	9.46%	
		27	Total Ur	Iderground Storage Expenses	1,300,072	-	1,300,072	1,523,772	-14.68%	
		28		Transmission Expenses	(0)					
	1	29	Transmi	ssion-Operation						
		30	850	Supervision & Engineering	2,734,777	-	2,734,777	2,601,074	5.14%	
		31	851	System Control & Load Dispatching	1,133,644	· -	1,133,644	1,119,212	1.29%	
		32 33	853	Compressor Station Labor & Expense	602,338		602,338	646,367	-6.81%	
			855	Other Fuel & Power for Comp. Stat.	-	-		-		··· · · ·
		34	856	Mains	1,114,314	20,525	1,093,789	970,815	12.67%	
	1	35	857	Measuring & Regulating Station	614,234	1,346	612,888	605,398	1.24%	
		36	858	Transmission & CompBy Others	-	-	-	-	-	
		37	859	Other Expenses	1,377,791	12,583	1,365,208	1,954,404	-30.15%	
		38	860	Rents		-	-	-	-	
				eration-Transmission	7,577,098	34,454	7,542,644	7,897,270	-4.49%	
				ssion-Maintenance	00.007		00 5 10			
		41	861	Supervision & Engineering	98,627	87	98,540	129,703	-24.03%	
		42	862	Structures & Improvements	105,651	75	105,576	133,288	-20.79%	
1		43		Mains	1,191,435	15,800	1,175,635	208,725	>300.00%	
		44		Compressor Station Equipment	541,446		541,446	1,080,450	-49.89%	
- · ·		45		Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	390,575	5,739	384,836	365,553	5.27%	
		46		Other Equipment Intenance-Transmission	18,725	21,701	<u>18,725</u> 2,324,758	17,802	5.19%	
. • •					2,346,459			1,935,521	.20:11%	
· · L		48	Total Ira	nsmission Expenses	9,923,557	56,155	9,867,402	9,832,791	0.35%	

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Schedule 10A

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	Sch. 1	0	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE EXPENSES - N	ATURAL GAS (IN	CLUDES CMP)	. Martin The Co	1. 4. ¹¹ <u>1. 1. 1</u> . 1. 1.]
					Non				
÷.			a the state of the second state of the	This Year Cons.	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year	1	1. 1. 1. 1.
مکانف			Account Number & Title	Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change	
1		1	Distribution Expenses	.1				the Country of	
••	2	2 Distrib	ution-Operation						
			Supervision & Engineering	3,092,379	1,164,917	1,927,462	1,859,574	3.65%	le ri d
	4		Load Dispatching	130,301	130,301	-			
	E		Compressor Station Labor & Expense		-			-	
	e e		Compressor Station Fuel and Power	-	-	-	_		
	7		Mains and Services	4,947,313	2,535,700	2,411,613	2,567,236	-6.06%	
	8		Meas. & Reg. Station-General	406,153	210,583	195,570	195,054	0.26%	
	.9	876	Meas. & Reg. Station-Industrial			-		0.2070	
	10		Meas. & Reg. Station-City Gate	209,163	37,366	171,797	173,357	-0.90%	
	11		Meter & House Regulator	2,357,614	839,807	1,517,807	1,619,702	-6.29%	
	12		Customer Installations	2,805,362	281,183	2,524,179	2,519,827	0.17%	
	13		Other Expenses	976,727	434,095	542,632	593,788	-8.62%	
[14		Rents	3,195	E 600.050	.3,195	3,573	-10.59%	1
	15		peration-Distribution	14,928,207	5,633,952	9,294,255	9,532,111	-2.50%	
	• 16		ition-Maintenance						
	17		Supervision & Engineering	1,140,813	293,367	847,446	977,246	-13.28%	[
-	18		Structures & Improvements			-	-	-	
1	19		Mains	1,210,043	366,674	. 843,369	961,429	-12.28%	
	20	889	Meas. & Reg. Station ExpGeneral	229,658	143,141	86,517	61,020	41.78%	
	21	890	Meas. & Reg. Station Expindustrial	-	-	-	-		
	22	891	Meas. & Reg. Station ExpCity Gate	54,981	54,981	-	-	- 1	
	23	892	Services	904,725	385,093	519,632	553,762	-6.16%	
	24	893	Meters & House Regulators	1,282,083	298,250	983,833	1,000,881	-1.70%	
	25	894	Other Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
	26	Total Ma	aintenance-Distribution	4,822,303	1,541,506	3,280,797	3,554,338	-7.70%	
	27		stribution Expenses	19,750,510	7,175,458	12,575,052	13,086,449	-3.91%	
	28		Customer Accounts Expenses			<u> </u>			
	29		er Accounts-Operation						
	30	901	Supervision	_		_			
	31		Meter Reading	1,345,825	755,187	590,638	569,922	3.63%	
	32		Customer Records & Collection	3,090,590	536,059	2,554,531	2,641,692	-3.30%	
	33		Uncollectible Accounts	572,697	50,748	521,949	792,130	-34.11%	
	34		Miscellaneous Customer Accounts	38,783	37,871	912		>300.00%	
	35	I otal Cu	stomer Accounts Expenses	5,047,895	1,379,865	3,668,030	4,003,706	-8.38%	
	36		المربوب المتحري والمراجع وروا متحاصروا موجور الممتعور المراجع						
	37		er Service & Information Expenses				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	38		er Service-Operation			.			
1	39	907	Supervision	-	-		· •	-	
	40		Customer Assistance	2,511,611	1,048,763	1,462,848	1,461,707	0.08%	
	41	909	Inform. & Instructional Advertising	483,054	96,598	386,456	376,914	2.53%	. •
	42	910	Misc. Customer Service & Inform.	[-	-			
			stomer Service & Information Exp.	2,994,665	1,145,361	1,849,304	1,838,621	0.58%	•
	44								• •
	45		Sales Expenses			· · ·			
.]		Sales-Op	•		.· .	· · ·			
				1				1	
	47		Supervision	-	-	-		-	
1	48		Demonstrating & Selling	450 740		-	70 000		
1.	49		Advertising	156,712	44,556	112,156	78,892	42.16%	
	50		Miscellaneous Sales					-	
<u> -</u>	51	I otal Sal	es Expenses	156,712	44,556	112,156	78,892	42.16%	
21				· · · ·		$(a^{2}) = (a^{2})$		· .	

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Schedule 10B

	Sch. 10)	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENA	NCE	EXPENSES - N	ATUF	RAL GAS (INC	CLUDES CMP)		a in the Segura	la ser a si seta per
		8				1	Non				na in gan a annasa rayang. T
		8 - X	and the second states and the second	· 1	his Year Cons.	n an ste	irisdictional	This Year	Last Year		an a
			Account Number & Title Account		Utility	<u> </u>	djustments	Montana	Montana	% Change	
	1	:	and the second				•.				
- 10	 1	: Ad	ministrative & General Expenses				2		4:2:3:17.13.4 (2)	(*	
11 8	2	Admin.	& General - Operation	1			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1			
	3	920	Administrative & General Salaries	1. *	11,903,855		3,157,560	8,746,295.	8,845,376	-1.12%	
	4	921	Office Supplies & Expenses	11.0	3,891,539		1,259,756	2,631,783	2,594,420	1.44%	
•	. 5	922	Administrative Exp. Transferred-Cr.	ľ	(3,231,094)		(1,392,456)	(1,838,638)	(1,836,018)	-0.14%	: · ·
	6	923	Outside Services Employed		1,865,063	[513,234	1,351,829	1,628,593	-16.99%	
	7	924	Property Insurance		360,963		97,240	263,723	205,932	28.06%	
	.8	925	Legal & Claim Department		2,857,022		625,222	2,231,800	2,650,712	-15.80%	
	9	926	Employee Pensions & Benefits	· ·	1,268,274		380,996	887,278	(1,848,384)	148.00%	All
	10	928	Regulatory Commission Expenses		112,314		25	112,289	16,181	>300.00%	, 0 · · · · ·
	11	930	Miscellaneous General Expenses		5,266,846	Í	183,588	5,083,258	5,914,371	-14.05%	
	12	931	Rents		965,649		264,730	7.00,919	724,323	-3.23%	
	13	Total O	peration-Admin. & General		25,260,431		5,089,895	20,170,536	. 18,895,506	6.75%	• •
	14	Admin.	& General - Maintenance								
	15	935	General Plant		1,172,574		138,743	1,033,831	1,000,919	3.29%	
		Total Ac	imin. & General Expenses		26,433,005		5,228,638	21,204,367	19,896,425	6.57%	
	17	TOTAL C	OPER. & MAINT. EXPENSES	\$	180,375,935	\$	55,574,870	\$ 124,801,065	\$ 156,798,350	-20.41%	
	18										
	19										
	20										
	21										
	22										

Schedule 10C

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Sch. 11	MONTANA TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME - N	IATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CM	P) .
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Taxes associated with Payroll/Labor Property Taxes Crow Tribe RR and Utility Tax Blackfoot Possessoray Tax City Tax Consumer Counsel Public Service Commission Heavy Highway Use Vehicle Use Taxes Gas Production Taxes	\$1,824,006 22,460,837 90,296 307,837 3,435 113,642 370,773 4,052 90,374 118,493		2.77% 12.50% 36.54% 2.93% 6.64% -24.73% -39.21% -36.57% -1.65% -31.60%
12	Oil & Gas Royalty Taxes	112,260	135,574	-17.20%
13	Delaware Franchise Tax	46,807	40,745	14.88%
14 15 16				
17 18	<u>Canadian Taxes</u> Ad Valorem	20,230	8,097	149.85%
19 20 21				
22				
23	TOTAL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	\$25,563,041	\$23,325,573	9.59%

Sch. 12	PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES	TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/	
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	1 ACUREN INSPECTION INC	Materials Engineering & Testing	79,457.64
	2 AEVENIA INC	Construction	. 1,115,362.98
	3 ALSTOM GRID INC	Software Support Services	1,380,830.90
1	4 AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION	Arbitration Services	78,789.49
	5 APPALACHIAN PIPELINE CONTRACTO	Pipeline Contractor	2,485,064.68
1.	6 ARCADIS US INC	Engineering Services	751,691.19
	7 ASPLUNDH TREE EXPERT CO	Tree Trimming	3,540,086.89
	8 ASSOCIATED ARBORISTS	Vegetation Management	1,523,260.82
	9 AUTOMOTIVE RENTALS INC	Fleet Management	8,189,852.69
	10 AVERY PIPELINE SERVICES INC	Welding Inspectors	146,697.73
	11 B & B CONTRACTING INC	Construction	427,759.92
	12 BALHOFF & WILLIAMS LLC	Legal Services	284,819.67
	13 BART ENGINEERING COMPANY	Engineering Services	.271,835.44
	14 BENEDICT CONSULTING PLLC	Energy Management System Consulting	137,000.00
	15 BIG SKY WATER HAULING LLC	Water Hauling Services	87,131.80
	16 BILL FIELD TRUCKING INC	Hauling Services	354,759.26
	17 BROWNING, KALECZYC, BERRY & HOVEN	Legal Services	621,301.42
	18 CAUTHEN FORBES & WILLIAMS	Governmental Affairs Consultant	120,000.00
	19 CENTRAL AIR SERVICE INC	Aerial Pilot Services	172,767.50
	20 CENTRAL COPTERS INC	Flight Services	83,946.28
		Collection Services	80,739.67
	22 CESSNA AIRCRAFT COMPANY	Aircraft Maintenance	307,420.42
	23 CHARLES RIVER ASSOCIATES	Expert Witness	81,112.34
	24 COMPLETE CAREER CENTER INC 25 CONTINENTAL STEEL WORKS	Temporary Employment Services Fabrication Services	99,223.55
		Construction	518,454.76
	76 COP CONSTRUCTION LLC 77 CRIST KROGH & NORD LLC	Legal Services	783,846.10
	8 CROWLEY FLECK	Legal Services	119,534.08
	9 CYME INTERNATIONAL T & D INC	Construction	477,507.07 111,866.72
	0 DAHME CONSTRUCTION CO INC	Construction	383,937.27
	1 DAKOTA HIGH VOLTAGE TESTING	Electric System Testing and Maintenance	285,314.91
	2 DAVEY RESOURCE GROUP	Field Surveyors	3,100,767.43
	3 DAVET RESOURCE GROOP	Tree Trimming	1,495,705.82
	4 DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP	Audit Services	1,304,364.40
	5 DELOITTE TAX LLP	Tax Consultants	237,112.36
	6 DEPT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES	Weatherization Program Services	2,023,536.62
	DEWILD GRANT RECKERT & ASSOCIATES	Engineering Services	470,482.86
	B DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO LLP	Legal Services	137,917.91
	9 DIGITAL INSPECTIONS - A KEMA COMPANY	Software Support Services	99,288.44
	DISTRIBUTION CONSTRUCTION CO	Gas Pipeline Construction	1,366,639.59
	DJ&A P C CONSULTING ENGINEERS	Engineering Services	78,721.96
	2 DNV RENEWABLES (USA) INC	Renewable Energy Consultants	370,664.70
	DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP	Legal Services	180,306.28
	ECOVA INC	Energy Conservation Consultants	169,516.00
	EDM INTERNATIONAL INC	Anchor Rod Inspection Services	669,107.35
	EIDEBAILLY	Audit Services	76,787.50
	ELM LOCATING & UTILITY SERVICE	Locating Services and Excavation Notifications	2,245,929.10
	ENERGY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT INC	Energy Conservation Consultants	193,293.00
49	ENERGY SHARE OF MONTANA	USBC Services	705,506.25
	EXPRESS SERVICES INC	Temporary Employment Services	106,872.56
51	FAIRBANKS MORSE ENGINE	Construction	848,453.85
52	FALLS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY	Construction	240,297.68
	FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING INSTITUTE	Finance and Accounting Training	105,007.26
· 54	FISHNET SECURITY INC	Software Support Services	657,763.07
55	FOSTER ASSOCIATES INC	Depreciation Study Consultants	215,877.62
56	GARTNER INC	Information Technology Consulting	124,400.00
57	GARY INCE CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	86,826.00
58	GD & J INC	Well and Compressor Maintenance	110,379.14
59	GE ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL INC	Energy Consulting Services	225,000.00
60	GREATER GALLÁTIN CONTRACTORS	Landscape Repair Services	91,540.49
61	H & H ASPHALT & MAINTENANCE INC	Asphalt Services	120,169.29
62	H & H CONTRACTING INC	Concrete and Asphalt Services	481,671.07
63	HAIDER CONSTRUCTION INC	Backhoe Services	355,503.49
64	HAROLD K SCHOLZ CO	Construction	134,290.91
	· 		

Sch. 12A		S TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/	
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total
	5 HDR ENGINEERING INC	Engineering Services	
	6 HEALTH FITNESS CORPORATION	Employee Wellness Program Management	350,108.2
	7 HEATH CONSULTANTS INC	Gas Leak Surveys	442,780.3
	8 HIGH MARK MEDIA	Marketing Services	86,230.0
	9 HUFF CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	967,689.3
7	0 INDEPENDENT INSPECTION COMPANY	Electric Line Inspection	2,930,468.5
	1 INDEPENDENT POWER SYSTEMS INC	Installation of Renewable Energy Systems	358,893.8
7	2 INTELLIGENT ACCESS SYSTEMS OF	Access System Installation	144,190.3
7	3 INTERGRAPH CORPORATION	Software Consultants	732,136.5
7	4 JACOBSEN TREE EXPERTS	Tree Trimming	1,048,102.0
- 7	5 JAMES TALCOTT CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	137,500.00
7	6 JERKE CONSTRUCTION CO	Construction	98,294.3
7	7 JONES DAY	Legal Services	220,006.03
7	8 JSSI JET SUPPORT SERVICES INC	Flight Services	193,771.8
79	9 KC HARVEY ENVIRONMENTAL LLC	Environmental Consultants	157,738.52
8	D KELLY SERVICES INC	Engineering Services	101,496.1
8.	1 KEMA SERVICES INC	USB and DSM Programs and Services	7,909,983.3
82	2 KM CONSTRUCTION CO INC	Construction	94,056.73
	3 KNIFE RIVER	Construction	79,172.86
	4 LANDS ENERGY CONSULTING	Energy Consultants	133,716.47
	LARSON DIGGING INC	Construction	139,324.02
	C STAFFING SERVICE	Temporary Employment Services	83,360.65
	LEONARD,STREET & DEINARD	Legal Services	165,390.78
	LOCKMER PLUMBING HEATING & UTILITIES INC	Gas Meter Relocations	150,538.06
	MAPPCOR	Electric Reliability Services	358,335.80
	MARKOVICH CONSTRUCTION & REAL ESTATE	Construction	96,707.00
		Excavation Contractor	
	MARTIN EXCAVATING LLC	Construction	97,653.75
			147,831.10
	MERCER HUMAN RESOURCE CONSULTING	Actuarial and Consulting Services	91,369.00
	MERIDIAN IT INC	Information Technology Services	288,087.25
	MICROSOFT LICENSING GP	Computer Licensing	704,156.83
	MICROSOFT SERVICES	Computer Maintenance	92,468.04
	MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE	Debt Rating Services	186,200.00
	MOUNTAIN POWER CONSTRUCTION CO	Construction	1,626,464.11
	MOUNTAIN WEST HOLDING COMPANY	Construction	157,164.00
100	MUTH ELECTRIC INC	Electric Construction	94,103.06
101	NATIONAL CENTER FOR APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY	Conservation Program Consultants	1,314,638.62
102	NATURAL GAS SERVICES INC	Gas Servicemen	85,361.30
103	NEWMECH COMPANIES INC	Construction	664,687.00
104	NORLEY CONSULTING	Gas Compressor Consultant	119,021.17
105	NORTHWEST DYNAMICS INSPECTION	Safety inspections	75,039.00
106	NORTHWEST ENERGY EFFICIENCY	Energy Services	1,458,548.38
	NORTHWEST TOWER	Construction	215,800.00
		Construction	117,704.25
	OLSON CONSTRUCTION	Construction	132,662.57
	OLSON LAND SERVICES	Real Estate Services	80,808.97
	OMIMEX CANADA LTD	Gas Lease Operating Expenses	85,712.87
	OPEN ACCESS TECHNOLOGY INT'L I	Software Support Services	293,028.58
	OSMOSE INC	Construction	606,640.30
	P2 ENERGY SOLUTIONS INC	Computer System Implementation	80,617.60
	PACER ENERGY LLC	Due Diligence for Gas Acquisition	300,380.43
	PACER ENERGY LLC PAR ELECTRIC CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	6,716,514.67
I		Construction	
J.	PARISI WESTERN PLBG & HTNG,INC		85,703.16
	PATTON BOGGS LLC	Legal Services	103,182.51
	PAULSEN MARKETING	Advertising	994,814.18
	PERKINS COIE	Legal Services	2,293,884.53
		Energy Conservation Consultants	160,370.00
1		Engineering Services	1,777,705.08
	POWERPLAN INC	Software Implementation Support Services	438,819.92
	PRAIRIE POTHOLE CONSULTING	Land Survey Services	94,858.75
125	PRATT & WHITNEY POWER SYSTEMS	Construction	16,837,317.74
126	PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP	Software Implementation Support Services	159,357.62
127	PRO PIPE CORPORATION	Construction	79,287.40
1280	23 CONTRACTING INC	Construction	260,714.43

Name of Recipient ORPORATED ORPORATED OUNTAIN CONTRACTORS INC BERT CONSTRUCTION INC BROTHERS TRENCHING MPANIES US INC CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS V CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC E SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY RIC COMPANY OF SOUTH DAKOTA	Nature of Service Boring Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Construction Boring Services Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	Total 290,62 19,140,26 619,78 353,94 76,79 152,91 723,16 1,885,57 125,68 97,90 92,37 720,619 103,705 322,750 103,705 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
AUDUNTAIN CONTRACTORS INC BERT CONSTRUCTION INC BROTHERS TRENCHING MPANIES US INC CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS I CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Electric Construction and Maintenance Construction Boring Services Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services	19,140,26 619,78 353,944 76,79 152,91 723,160 1,885,57 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
AUDUNTAIN CONTRACTORS INC BERT CONSTRUCTION INC BROTHERS TRENCHING MPANIES US INC CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS I CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Electric Construction and Maintenance Construction Boring Services Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services	19,140,26 619,78 353,944 76,79 152,91 723,160 1,885,57 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
BERT CONSTRUCTION INC BROTHERS TRENCHING MPANIES US INC CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS IN CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Construction Boring Services Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	619,78 353,944 76,79 152,91 723,160 1,885,57 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
BROTHERS TRENCHING MPANIES US INC CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS I CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Boring Services Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	353,944 76,793 152,917 723,160 1,885,577 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
MPANIES US INC ECTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS I CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Substation Design Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	76,79: 152,91: 723,160 1,885,57 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,709 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
CTRIC COMPANY JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS IN CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC SE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Construction Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	152,91: 723,160 1,885,577 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
JSTRIES INC ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS IN CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Software Support Services DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	723,160 1,885,577 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,709 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
ISULTING INCORPORATED ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS IN CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	DSM Program Evaluation Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Electric Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	1,885,577 125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
ITY PUMPING ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Construction Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	125,688 97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
ER TRUCKING & EXCAVATING JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Excavation Contractor Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	97,900 92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
JSTIN LLP I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Legal Services Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	92,378 720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
I, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER EXUS N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC JE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Legal Services USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	720,619 103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
EXUS N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC DE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	USB and DSM Programs and Services Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	103,705 322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
N CORPORATION D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC DE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Temporary Employment Services Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	322,750 125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
D & POOR'S FINANCIAL SERVICES IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC 25 SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Debt Rating Services Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	125,055 386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
IE CONTRACTORS INC AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC CE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Electric Construction and Maintenance Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	386,820 94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
AY CLEANING & RESTORATION MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC CE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Water Extraction Services Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	94,126 81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
MANAGEMENT CONSULTING MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC EE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Effective Leadership Consultant Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	81,636 253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
MORRISON LLP WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC EE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Legal Services Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	253,239 1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
WEBSTER INC , TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC CE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Power Generation Development Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	1,974,726 152,552 116,540 189,019
, TABARACCI & RHOADES, PC DE SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Legal Services Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	152,552 116,540 189,019
E SOLAR SYSTEMS N T COMPANY	Solar System Installation Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	116,540 189,019
N T COMPANY	Engineering Services Power Plant Construction	189,019
T COMPANY	Power Plant Construction	-
1		
RIC COMPANY OF SOUTH DAKOTA		7,706,074
	Construction	336,095
GY AUTHORITY INC	Scheduling and Dispatching	315,422
	Storm Damage Restoration	2,969,657.
	Construction	246,277.
	Construction	166,767.
	Construction	326,176.
	Construction	505,803.
	Construction	130,460.
		123,452.
		108,703.
		301,043.
		4,382,121,4
	-	
		443,012.4 171,158,8
		179,594.(
	•	. 963,430.7
		. 81,521.0
		454,890.9
JERGROUND CONSTRUCTION	onstruction	77,653.4
·		
1	1	
ayments Set Forth Above		
	FELDMAN ONTRACTORS INC ON FORESTRY CONSULTANTS INVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES ON FENCING & SPR., INC. & STRAWN LLP NE INSPECTION DUP POWER PLANT SERVICE	FELDMAN Legal Services DNTRACTORS INC Janitorial Services ON FORESTRY CONSULTANTS Forestry Consultants ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES Environmental Engineering Services DN FENCING & SPR.,INC. Construction & STRAWN LLP Legal Services NE INSPECTION Pipeline Inspection Services DUP POWER PLANT SERVICE Construction

Sch. 13	POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES	/ POLITICAL C	ONTRIBUTION	S]
	Description	Total Compan	y Montana	% Montana	
1				•.	
3 4 5					
5 6 7 8	a. Employees of NorthWestern Corporation (NorthWestern Energy) PAC;			n an an an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna	· ·
	b. NorthWestern Energy Employees PAC; and				
	c. NorthWestern Public Service Employees PAC.				
14 15	All of the money contributed by members is dedicated to support political candidates. No company funds may be spent in support of a				
17 18	political candidate. Nominal administrative costs for such things as duplicating, postage, and meeting expenses are paid by the company as provided by				
	law. These costs are charged to shareholder expense.				
22 23					
24 25 26					
27 28					
29 30	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ••••			
31 32 33					
34 35					
36 1	TOTAL Contributions	\$	\$ -		

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(1, 2)

	Sch. 14	Pension C	os	i ts 1/			
و و و و و و	1	Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan		·····		·····	
	2	Defined Benefit Plan? Yes		Defined Contributio	n Pl	lan? No	
	· 3	Actuarial Cost Method? Projected Unit Credit		IRS Code:			
		Annual Contribution by Employer. Variable		ls the Plan Over Fu	nde	d? No	
	5						· · · ·
		Item		Current Year		Last Year	% Change
· · · · · · · ·	6	Change in Benefit Obligation				en la constante de la constante	
A State of the second	7	Benefit obligation at beginning of year		\$ 477,929,697	\$	421,133,381	13.49%
	(·	Service cost		10,435,096		9,187,089	13.58%
• •	1	Interest cost		21,372,539		21,718,105	-1.59%
		Plan participants' contributions		-		аран (т. <mark>т</mark> . т. т.	·· -
		Amendments		-		1	-
		Actuarial (gain) loss	•	54,198,276		43,905,803	23.44%
		Acquisition		· - ·	ł	· · · ·	-
		Benefits paid		(18,101,682)		(18,014,681)	-0.48%
		Benefit obligation at end of year		\$ 545,833,926	\$	477,929,697	14.21%
· · · ·		Change in Plan Assets		-		-	
		Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	·	\$ 383,101,559	\$	377,834,016	1.39%
		Actual return on plan assets		43,755,885		12,782,224	242.32%
		Acquisition		-		-	-
		Employer contribution		10,500,000		10,500,000	
		Plan participants' contributions		-			-
		Benefits paid		(18,101,682)		(18,014,681)	-0.48%
ļ		Fair value of plan assets at end of year		\$ 419,255,762 (400,578,404)		383,101,559	9.44%
		Funded Status		\$ (126,578,164)	ф	(94,828,138)	-33.48%
		Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss)		-			-
		Unrecognized prior service cost Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost		5 (126,578,164)	¢	(94,828,138)	-33.48%
ŀ		Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	÷	(120,070,104)	Ψ	(04,020,100)	-33.40 %
		Discount rate		3.80%		4.55%	-16.48%
		Expected return on plan assets		7.00%		7.25%	-3.45%
		Rate of compensation increase		3.50% Union &	3	50% Union &	-0+070
	55	Nate of compensation increase	3			5% Non-Union	
ŀ	34	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs	+		0.01		
		Service cost	\$	10,435,096	\$	9,187,089	13.58%
		Interest cost		21,372,539	· .	21,718,105	-1.59%
		Expected return on plan assets		(26,637,374)		(26,958,867)	1.19%
		Amortization of prior service cost		246,361		246,361	
		Recognized net actuarial gain		8,314,967		2,515,966	230.49%
		Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$		\$	6,708,654	104.68%
Γ	41	Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)		-		-	
·	42	Pension Costs	\$	29,410,000	\$	29,410,000	
	43	Pension Costs Capitalized		6,292,692		6,021,422	4.51%
ļ	44	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End	\$		\$	(94,828,138)	-33.48%
Г	45	Number of Company Employees:					
	46	Covered by the Plan	1	3,100		3,149	-1.56%
	47	Not Covered by the Plan 2/	1.	268		213	25,82%
	48	Active		947		972	-2.57%
1	49	Retired	1	1,359		1,358	0.07%
	50	Deferred Vested Terminated	1	794		819	-3.05%
	1	/ NorthWestern Corporation has a separate pension plan coverir	ng Š	South Dakota and N	lebr	aska employees	that is
		not reflected above.					
	2	This plan was closed to new entrants effective 10/03/08.					
							Schedule 14

Schedule 14

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Sch. 14	Pension	Cos	ts			
	1 Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy 401k Retirement Savings Pl	an		• • • • • • • • •		e tan ber di serie. Kan ber di serie
	2 Defined Benefit Plan? No 3 Actuarial Cost Method? N/A		fined Contributio S Code: 401(k)	on Plan?	Yes	
	Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable	ls t	he Plan Over Fi	inded?	N/A	
	ltem		Current Year	Le	ast Year	% Chang
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Change in Benefit Obligation	• ·				
	7 Benefit obligation at beginning of year					
	3 Service cost					
	Interest cost					
1(Plan participants' contributions			Not Ap	plicable	
	Amendments					
	2 Actuarial loss					
	Acquisition					
	Benefits paid					
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$		\$		<u> </u>
	Change in Plan Assets	-				
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	218,194,855	\$ 22	20,342,829	0.98%
	Actual return on plan assets					
	Acquisition		7 404 000	6	0 700 475	0.000/
	Employer contribution 2/	\$	7,164,928	\$	6,720,175	. 6.62%
	Plan participants' contributions Benefits paid			· ·		
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year 2/	\$	253,146,989	\$ 21	8,194,855	16.02%
	Funded Status	- "	200,140,909	Not Ap		10.0276
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss	-				
	Unrecognized prior service cost					
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$		\$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
28				<u> </u>		
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	-		Not Apr	licable	<u> </u>
	Discount rate			11017.00		
	Expected return on plan assets					
	Rate of compensation increase					
33		-				
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs	—		Not App	licable	
	Service cost					
	Interest cost					
	Expected return on plan assets		2			
	Amortization of prior service cost					
39	Recognized net actuarial loss				_	
40	Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$		\$	·	·····
41	· · ·					
	Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)			•		
43	401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs	\$	4,973,279	\$. 4	4,598,308	8.15%
44	401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized	<u> </u>	1,064,105		941,461	13.03%
45	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End			Not App		
1	Number of Company Employees:		3/		3/	
47	Covered by the Plan - Eligible	1	1,418		1,388	2.16%
48	Not Covered by the Plan			ан с. С		
49	Active - Participating		1,382		1,347	2.60%
50	Retired					
51	Vested Former Employees, Retirees and Active-		237		259	-8.49%
52	Noncontributing	[
	2/ This plan covers all NorthWestern Corporation employees.					

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Sch. 15	Other Post Employme	nt Benefits (OP	EBS)	
	Item	Current Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Regulatory Treatment:			
2	Commission authorized - most recent			
. 3	Docket number: D2009.9.129			
4	Order number: 7046h	6440.000	1 050.000	40.000/
	Amount recovered through rates	\$418,239	\$350,602 2/	19:29%
	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End Discount rate	2.80%	•	-25.33%
	Expected return on plan assets	7.00%		-3.45%
9	Medical Cost Inflation Rate 3/	8.50%,4.5%:16		-0.4070
··· · · · · · ·			dit Actuarial, Cost	
	a da ana ang panananan na na kana kana kana ang kana kana		om the Date of Hire	
10	Actuarial Cost Method		ibility Date	
10	Actuariar Cost Method			
		3.50% Union &		
	Rate of compensation increase		3.55% Non-Union	
	List each method used to fund OPEBs (ie: VEBA, 401(n)) and if tax advan	tagea:	
13 14	Union Employees - VEBA - Yes, tax advantaged Non-Union Employees - 401(h) - Yes, tax advantag	od		
	Describe any Changes to the Benefit Plan:		<u> </u>	
16	Describe any Ghanges to the Denent I fail.			
10	1/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2012 I	ASB 106 Valuation	Assumptions and o	lata
	are as of December 31, 2012.			julu
	2/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2011 f	ASB 106 Valuation	Assumptions and c	lata
	are as of December 31, 2011.			
. [3/ First Year, Ultimate, Years to Reach Ultimate.			
[

	Other Post Employment Ber	ients	UFEBS)		·······
	Item		urrent Year	Last Year	% Chang
	Number of Company Employees:	·· [·			
	2 Covered by the Plan				
	3 Not Covered by the Plan				1.1.1.1
4	4 Active			and the second	
	5 Retired				
	S Spouses/Dependants covered by the Plan				
		- L		<u> </u>	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Change in Benefit Obligation				
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year		\$22,420,683	\$26,467,645	-15.29%
10) Service cost		441,640	358,150	23.31%
11	Interest Cost	1.	817,698	970,483	-15.74%
	Plan participants' contributions		957,107	1,089,753	-12.17%
	Amendments		-	(464,242)	•
	Actuarial loss/(gain)		998,382	(2,711,685)	1
			330,302	(2,111,000)	1,00.027
	Acquisition		(0.450.007)	(0.000.404)	
	Benefits paid	<u> </u>	(2,453,687)	(3,289,421)	25.41%
	Benefit obligation at end of year		\$23,181,823	\$22,420,683	3.39%
	Change in Plan Assets	}			
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	1	\$15,502,279	\$17,201,034	-9.88%
	Actual return on plan assets	1 · .	1,789,246	339,995	>300.00%
	Acquisition		-	_	_
	Employer contribution		98,461	160,918	-38.81%
	Plan participants' contributions	}	957,107	100,010	
	Benefits paid		(2,453,687)	(2,199,668)	-11.55%
		<u> </u>			
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	 	\$15,893,406	\$15,502,279	2.52%
	Funded Status		(\$7,288,417)	(\$6,918,404)	-5.35%
	Unrecognized net transition (asset)/obligation	1	-	-	-
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		-	-	-
29	Unrecognized prior service cost			-	
30	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost		(\$7,288,417)	(\$6,918,404)	-5.35%
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs			╧═┲╤┲╧╧╼╧╧╼╤╤╤╧╧	
	Service cost		\$441,640	\$358,150	23.31%
	Interest cost		817,698	970,483	-15.74%
	Expected return on plan assets				13.90%
			(1,020,701)	(1,185,450)	13.90%
	Amortization of transitional (asset)/obligation		-		-
	Amortization of prior service cost		(2,148,915)	(\$2,148,915)	
	Recognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		767,193	657,715	16.65%
	Net periodic benefit cost		(\$1,143,085)	(\$1,348,017)	15.20%
39	Accumulated Post Retirement Benefit Obligation			···· • ···	
40	Amount Funded through VEBA	\$	-	\$ -	
41	Amount Funded through 401(h)	•	_		· _
42	Amount Funded through other - Company funds		98,461	160,918	-38.81%
43	TOTAL		\$98,461	\$160,918	-38.81%
	Amount that was tax deductible - VEBA	¢			-00.0170
44		\$	-	.\$ -	-
45	Amount that was tax deductible - 401(h)		-	-	10 00
46	Amount that was tax deductible - Other		418,239	350,602	19.29%
47	TOTAL		\$418,239	\$350,602	19.29%
48	Montana Intrastate Costs:				
49	Pension Costs		\$418,239	\$350,602	19.29%
50	Pension Costs Capitalized		89,488	71,782	24.67%
51	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End		(7,288,417)	(6,918,404)	-5.35%
	Number of Montana Employees:		1,200,711/		0.0070
			2044	0.005	2 550/
53	Covered by the Plan		2,011	2,085	-3.55%
54	Not Covered by the Plan		172	192	-10.42%
55	Active		971	1,014	-4.24%
56	Retired		933	961	-2.91%
	Spouses/Dependants covered by the Plan		107	110	-2.73%
57					
57	4/ There is approximately an additional \$10.858.097 and \$	10.006	5,342 in other	company OPEBS IIA	DIIITIES
57	4/ There is approximately an additional \$10,858,097 and \$ putstanding at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively for				

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SCHEDULE 16

Note: This schedule includes the ten most highly compensated employees assigned or allocated to Montana that are not already included on Sch 17.

TOP TEN MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

	TOP TEN MONTANA	COMPENS	<u>ATED EMP</u>	LOYEES (ASSI	IGNED OR AL	LOCATED)	
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses	Other 2/	Total Compensatio	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation
1	Patrick R. Corcoran Vice President, Government & Regulatory Affairs	204,756	60,674	62,961	B 500,790 C D	472,327	6%
2	Michael R. Cashell Vice President, Transmission	189,056	56,022	A 27,479 58,152 160,575	C	409,315	20%
3	Bobbi L. Schroeppel Vice President, Customer Care, Communications & Human Resources	220,217	65,503 A	67,902	B 428,715 C D	389,402	10%
4	John D. Hines Vice President, Supply	189,056	56,022 A		c	326,832	17%
5	William T. Rhoads General Manager, Generation	162,244	33,850 A	22,481 (119,631 I 5,433 I	B 364,620 C	. 352,977	3%
6	Michael L. Nieman Chief Audit and Compliance Officer	194,076	46,954 A	43,490 E 35,101 C 38,116 E 3,882 C		323,025	12%
7	Daniel L. Rausch Treasurer	172,320	36,790 A	37,057 E 24,324 C 26,341 D 5,771 E		271,486	11%
8 J	lohn S. Fitzpatrick Executive Director State/Local Community Relations	174,891	. 22,031 .A	21,161 B 18,552 C 64,893 D	;		0%
9 V	Vayne M. Hitt Director, Tax	157,842	31,201 A	35,016 B 22,309 C 9,722 D 7,627 H		. 257,414	2%
10 J	eanne M. Barnett Vold Business Technology Officer	157,516	32,200 A	20,913 B 22,309 C 17,883 D	250,821	N/A	

	TOP TEN MONTANA	COMPENSA	TED EMPL	OYEES (ASSI	GNED OR ALI	JOCATED)		
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 1/ Bonuses include the following: A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensati Compensation Plan. Amounts were ea company performance against plan, the varied from the funded level based on 2/ All Other Compensation for named emploid B> Employer contributions to benefits - me group term life, Health Savings Accoun 401(k) match and non-elective 401(k) c C> Values reflect the grant date fair value D>Change in pension value over previous assuming benefits commence at age 66 payment form consistent with those disk in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the E> Vacation sold back during the year. F> Noncash taxable award and gross-up ta G> Merit cash payment. H> Imputed income related to commuting. 	arned in 2012 ar e incentive plan ndividual perfor yees consists o dical, dental, vi t, non-cash awa ontribution. for restricted sto year. The pres 5 and using the closed in the No he year ended	nd paid in the f was funded a mance. If the following sion, employee ards and relate ock awards. ent value of ac discount rate, otes to the Con	irst quarter of 20 t 98% of target. I e assistance prog d tax liability gros cumulated bene mortality assump solidated Financi	13. Based on Individual awards gram, ss up, fits was calculated titon and assumed			

SCHEDULE 17

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Note: This schedule contains the five most highly compensated corporate officers who are assigned or allocated to Montana.

TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation
1	Robert C. Rowe President & Chief Executive Officer	525,013	414,864 A	19,364 B 476,307 C 63,143 D		1,468,711	2%
2	Brian B. Bird Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	344,417	170,098 A	41,006 B 217,210 C 29,744 D 1,274 E	803,749	771,131	4%
3	Heather H. Grahame Vice President & General Counsel	313,412	123,828 A	44,095 B 147,022 C 0 D	628,357	624,897	1%
4	Curtis T. Pohl Vice President, Retail Operations	246,757	97,493 A	40,089 B 115,747 C 62,888 D	562,974	509,158	11%
5	Kendall Kliewer Vice President & Controller	228,528	67,456 A	39,872 B 70,860 C 33,335 D	440,051	342,528	28%

	TOP FIVE MONTAN	A COMPENSA	TED EMPLO	YEES (ASSIC	GNED OR ALL	OCATED)	
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary	Bonuses 1/	Other 2/	Total Compensatior	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% increase Total Compensation
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 Bonuses include the following: A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensati Incentive Compensation Plan. Amount company performance against plan, the All Other Compensation for named emploid B> Employer contributions to benefits - me group term life, Health Savings Account C> Values reflect the grant date fair value for the second s	s were earned in incentive plan w vees consists of t dical, dental, visio , 401(k) match, a	2012 and paid in as funded at 98% he following: on, employee ass nd non-elective 4	the first quarter of target. istance program	n of 2013. Based	O n tes a state sector a stat	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 D> Change in pension value over previous assuming benefits commence at age 65 payment form consistent with those disc in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the E> Imputed income recorded for amount ex Stock Purchase Plan. 	year. The prese and using the di- losed in the Note ne year ended De	nt value of accurr scount rate, mort es to the Consolic ecember 31, 2012	ality assumptior lated Financial 2.	n and assumed Statements		

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1 1 <i>1</i> 1	and the second secon				<u> </u>	· · ·
Sch. 18	BALANCE SHEE	T 1/			1	
	Account Title Assets and Other Debits		This Year	Last Year	Variance	% Change
2		1		· ·		
3		\$	3,723,508,020	\$ 3,479,352,079	\$ 244,155,941	7.02%
. 4	101.1 Property Under Capital Leases	. *	40,209,537	40,209,537		0.00%
5			4,900	4,900		0.00%
e			115,303,982	72,580,805	\$42,723,177	58.86%
. 7	108 Accumulated Depreciation Reserve		(1,557,915,890)			5.16%
8			(13,068,062)			18.189
9			(27,265,816)	(23,574,461)	(\$3,691,355)	15.66%
10	114 Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments	1	-	-		-
11	115 Accumulated Amortization-Electric Plant Acq. Adj.			-	-	-
12	116 Utility Plant Adjustments		355,128,500	355,128,500	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00%
13			32,116,873	32,119,408	(2,535)	-0.01%
14	Total Utility Plant		2,668,022,044	2,463,356,036	204,666,008	8.31%
15	Other Property and Investments					
16	121 Nonutility Property		9,971,371	9,974,240	(2,869)	-0.03%
17	122 Accumulated Depr. & AmortNonutililty Property	1	(625,930)	(503,814)	(122,116)	24.24%
18	123.1 Investments in Assoc Companies and Subsidiaries		(160,632,859)	(152,003,379)	(8,629,480)	. 5.68%
19	124 Other investments		10,956,526	8,556,077	2,400,449	28.06%
20	128 Miscellaneous Special Funds		-	-	-	-
21	LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges					
22	Total Other Property & Investments		(140,330,892)	(133,976,876)	(6,354,016)	4,74%
23	Current and Accrued Assets					
24	131 Cash		9,783,614	5,888,517	3,895,097	66.15%
25	134 Other Special Deposits		2,920,144	3,998,525	(1,078,381)	-26.97%
26	135 Working Funds	1	38,500	39,300	(800)	-2.04%
27	136 Temporary Cash Investments		-	-	-	-
28	141 Notes Receivable	1	-	-	-	-
29	142 Customer Accounts Receivable	1	68,107,331	71,822,880	(3,715,549)	-5.17%
30	143 Other Accounts Receivable		7,314,152	8,031,487	(717,335)	-8.93%
31	144 Accumulated Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	f	(3,237,838)	(2,929,624)	(308,214)	. 10.52%
32	145 Notes Receivable-Associated Companies		-	-	-	-
33	146 Accounts Receivable-Associated Companies]	2,043,636	4,851,585	(2,807,949)	-57.88%
34	151 Fuel Stock	1	8,385,009	7,281,127	1,103,882	15.16%
35	154 Plant Materials and Operating Supplies	.	25,514,876	22,407,788	3,107,088	13.87%
36	164 Gas Stored - Current	ļ	20,240,870	29,819,575	(9,578,705)	-32.12%
37	165 Prepayments		10,863,608	8,675,982	2,187,626	25.21%
38	171 Interest and Dividends Receivable		-	-	-	-
40	172 Rents Receivable		108,165	76,604	31,561	41.20%
41	173 Accrued Utility Revenues	1	71,442,599	71,118,239	324,360	0.46%
42 43	174 Miscellaneous Current & Accrued Assets		164,316	350,081	(185,765)	-53.06%
43	175 Derivative Instrument Assets (175)		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100.00%
44	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets 176 LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges		-	-	-	-
45	(less) LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges		-	-	-	-
1.1			223,688,982	231,432,066	(7,743,084)	
	Fotal Current & Accrued Assets		223,000,802	231,432,000	(1,143,004)	-3.33%
48	Deferred Debits	1	10 716 710	11 207 400	(500 202)	= 000/
49	181 Unamortized Debt Expense		10,716,719	11,307,102	(590,383)	-5.22%
50 51	182 Regulatory Assets		382,486,507	329,875,457	52,611,050	15.95%
51	 183 Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges 184 Clearing Accounts 		1,162,190 12,306	825,634 13,354	336,556	40.76% -7.85%
52	184 Cleaning Accounts 185 Temporary Facilities		12,000	13,354	(1,048)	-1.05%
53 54			1,353,494	1 882 025	(E20 E44)	-
54 55	186 Miscellaneous Deferred Debits		13,944,342	1,883,035 15,413,238	(529,541)	-28.12% -9.53%
55	189 Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt		148,027,620	164,228,720	(1,468,896)	
55	190 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes 191 Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs		6,285,942	3,554,323	(16,201,100) 2,731,619	-9.86% 76.85%
	otal Deferred Debits		563,989,120	527,100,863	36,888,257	76.85%
00[]	OTAL ASSETS and OTHER DEBITS		000,000,120	321,100,003	00,000,207	7.00%

10			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sch. 18	Cont. BALANCE SHEET	1/ This Year	This Year	Variance`	% Change
SURVERSION OF COLOR	1 Liabilities and Other Credits		11115 1 Gat	Vanance	% Change
1	2 Proprietary Capital			}	
	3 201 Common Stock Issued	\$ 407,917	\$ 398,411	\$ 9,506	2,39%
	4 204 Preferred Stock Issued			-	
	5 207 Premium on Capital Stock	_		· · · · · · -	
	211 Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital	849,218,725	816,700,362	32,518,363	3.98%
	213 Discount on Capital Stock		-	-	-
8	214 Capital Stock Expense	1	-		
9	215 Appropriated Retained Earnings	-	-		
10	•	172,791,546	128,631,093	44,160,453	34.33%
12		(90,702,563)		(429,673)	0.48%
13	The second s	2,316,682	3,655,967	(1,339,285)	-36.63%
	Total Proprietary Capital	934,032,307	859,112,943	74,919,364	8.72%
15			· · ·		· .
. 16		1,055,205,000	905,205,000	150,000,000	16.57%
17		-	-		-
18		-	-	-	
19		131,638	155,738	(24,100)	-15.47%
20	Total Long Term Debt Other Noncurrent Liabilities	1,055,073,362	905,049,262	150,024,100	16.58%
21				(1.055.450)	
22		31,562,420	32,917,879	(1,355,459)	-4.12%
23		-	-	-	
24		11,081,906	10,003,210	1,078,696	10.78%
25	228.3 Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits 228.4 Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions	23,984,164	26,150,621	(2,166,457)	-8.28%
26		166,841,275	214,313,846	(47,472,571)	-22.15%
27 28	229 Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds 230 Asset Retirement Obligations	24,618,109 9,230,322	11,432,481 6,291,623	13,185,628 2,938,699	115.33% 46.71%
20	Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities	267,318,196	301,109,660	(33,791,464)	-11.22%
30	Current and Accrued Liabilities	201,010,190	301,108,000	(33,731,404)	-11.2270
31	231 Notes Payable	122,933,903	166,933,493	(43,999,590)	-26.36%
32	231 Accounts Payable	87,258,806	80,813,254	6,445,552	7.98%
33	233 Notes Payable to Associated Companies	07,200,000	00,010,204	0,440,002	. 7.50 %
34	234 Accounts Payable to Associated Companies	-	70,978	(70,978)	-100,00%
35	235 Customer Deposits	12,502,752	13,088,340	(585,588)	-4.47%
36	236 Taxes Accrued	32,161,732	33,058,019	(896,287)	-2.71%
37	237 Interest Accrued	17,876,133	15,318,941	2,557,192	16.69%
39	238 Dividends Declared	-	-	-	-
40	241 Tax Collections Payable	1,167,397	1,198,760	(31,363)	-2.62%
41	242 Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities	56,059,420	47,775,316	8,284,104	17,34%
42	243 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current	1,611,617	1,370,168	241,449	17.62%
43	244 Derivative Instrument Liabilities	5,428,321	20,312,243	(14,883,922)	-73.28%
44	245 Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges				
45	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities	337,000,081	379,939,512	(42,939,431)	-11.30%
46	Deferred Credits				
47	252 Customer Advances for Construction	34,680,992	41,020,091	(6,339,099)	-15.45%
48	253 Other Deferred Credits	176,005,656	137,947,782	38,057,874	27.59%
49	254 Regulatory Liabilities	27,572,155	28,352,270	(780,115)	-2.75%
50	255 Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits	1,196,810	1,572,445	(375,635)	-23,89%
51	257 Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt	-	-	-	-
52	281-283 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	482,489,695	433,808,124	48,681,571	11.22%
	Total Deferred Credits	721,945,308	642,700,712	79,244,596	12.33%
	TOTAL LIABILITIES and OTHER CREDITS	\$ 3,315,369,254	\$ 3,087,912,089 \$	227,457,165	7.37%
55					
56	1/ This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting re	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1	Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accou				
	equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with t	he presentation in FERC	Form 1, plus Canadian		
59 1	Nontana Pipeline Corp.				
60					
61		· · · · ·			·
62					
63					
64					Schedule 18A

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Nature of Operations

NorthWestern Corporation, doing business as NorthWestern Energy, provides electricity and natural gas to approximately. 673,200 customers in Montana, South Dakota and Nebraska. We have generated and distributed electricity in South Dakota and distributed natural gas in South Dakota and Nebraska since 1923 and have generated and distributed electricity and distributed natural gas in Montana since 2002.

The Financial Statements for the periods included herein have been prepared by NorthWestern Corporation (NorthWestern, we or us), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting requirements of the FERC as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Events occurring subsequent to December 31, 2012, have been evaluated as to their potential impact to the Financial Statements through the date of issuance.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the FERC as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). This report differs from GAAP due to FERC requiring the presentation of subsidiaries on the equity method of accounting, which differs from Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 810 "Consolidation". ASC 810 requires that all majority-owned subsidiaries be consolidated (see Note 4). The other significant differences consist of the following:

- Earnings per share is not presented;
- Removal and decommissioning costs of generation, transmission and distribution assets are reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$264.5 million and \$251.2 million as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to regulatory liabilities for GAAP purposes (see Note 7);
- Goodwill is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a utility plant adjustment of \$355.1 million as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to goodwill for GAAP purposes (see Note 8);
- The write-down of plant values associated with the 2002 acquisition of the Montana operations is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$147.6 million for December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to plant for GAAP purposes;
- The current portion of gas stored underground is reflected in the Balance Sheets as current and accrued assets, as compared to inventory for GAAP purposes;
- Current and long-term debt is classified in the Balance Sheets as all long-term debt in accordance with regulatory treatment, while current and long-term debt are separately presented for GAAP reporting;

- Accumulated deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified in the Balance Sheets as gross non-current deferred debits and credits, respectively, while GAAP presentation reflects either a net deferred tax asset or liability separately classified as current or non-current; and
- Regulatory assets and liabilities are reflected in the Balance Sheets as non-current items, while current and non-current amounts are separately presented for GAAP.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for such items as long-lived asset values and impairment charges, long-lived asset useful lives, tax provisions, asset retirement obligations, uncollectible accounts, our QF obligation, environmental costs, unbilled revenues and actuarially determined benefit costs. We revise the recorded estimates when we receive better information or when we can determine actual amounts. Those revisions can affect operating results.

Revenue Recognition

Customers are billed monthly on a cycle basis. To match revenues with associated expenses, we accrue unbilled revenues for electrical and natural gas services delivered to customers, but not yet billed at month-end.

Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable are net of allowances for uncollectible accounts of \$3.2 million and \$2.9 million at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Unbilled revenues were \$71.4 million and \$71.1 million at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at average cost. Inventory consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Decen	1ber 31,	
	2012	2	2011
Fuel stock	8,385	S	
Materials and supplies	25,515		22,408
Gas stored underground (including the non-current portion reflected in utility plant)	52,358		61,939
\$	86,258	\$	91,628
en en la companya de			

Regulation of Utility Operations

Our regulated operations are subject to the provisions of ASC 980, *Regulated Operations* (ASC 980). Regulated accounting is appropriate provided that (i) rates are established by or subject to approval by independent, third-party regulators, (ii) rates are designed to recover the specific enterprise's cost of service, and (iii) in view of demand for service, it is reasonable to assume that rates are set at levels that will recover costs and can be charged to and collected from customers.

Our Financial Statements reflect the effects of the different rate making principles followed by the jurisdictions regulating us. The economic effects of regulation can result in regulated companies recording costs that have been, or are expected to be, allowed in the

ratemaking process in a period different from the period in which the costs would be charged to expense by an unregulated enterprise. When this occurs, costs are deferred as regulatory assets and recorded as expenses in the periods when those same amounts are reflected in rates. Additionally, regulators can impose liabilities upon a regulated company for amounts previously collected from customers and for amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers (regulatory liabilities).

If we were required to terminate the application of these provisions to our regulated operations, all such deferred amounts would be recognized in the Statement of Income at that time. This would result in a charge to earnings, net of applicable income taxes, which could be material. In addition, we would determine any impairment to the carrying costs of deregulated plant and inventory assets.

Derivative Financial Instruments

We account for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. All derivatives are recognized in the Balance Sheets at their fair value unless they qualify for certain exceptions, including the normal purchases and normal sales exception. Additionally, derivatives that qualify and are designated for hedge accounting are classified as either hedges of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or of an unrecognized firm commitment (fair-value hedge) or hedges of a forecasted transaction or the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability (cash-flow hedge). For fair-value hedges, changes in fair values for both the derivative and the underlying hedged exposure are recognized in earnings each period. For cash-flow hedges, the portion of the derivative gain or loss that is effective in offsetting the change in the cost or value of the underlying exposure is deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) and later reclassified into earnings when the underlying transaction occurs. Gains and losses from the ineffective portion of any hedge are recognized in earnings immediately. For other derivative contracts that do not qualify or are not designated for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are recognized in earnings each period. Cash inflows and outflows related to derivative instruments are included as a component of operating, investing or financing cash flows in the Statement of Cash Flows, depending on the underlying nature of the hedged items.

Revenues and expenses on contracts that qualify are designated as normal purchases and normal sales and are recognized when the underlying physical transaction is completed. While these contracts are considered derivative financial instruments, they are not required to be recorded at fair value, but on an accrual basis of accounting. Normal purchases and normal sales are contracts where physical delivery is probable, quantities are expected to be used or sold in the normal course of business over a reasonable period of time, and price is not tied to an unrelated underlying derivative. As part of our regulated electric and gas operations, we enter into contracts to buy and sell energy to meet the requirements of our customers. These contracts include short-term and long-term commitments to purchase and sell energy in the retail and wholesale markets with the intent and ability to deliver or take delivery. If it were determined that a transaction designated as a normal purchase or a normal sale no longer met the exceptions, the fair value of the related contract would be reflected as an asset or liability and immediately recognized through earnings. See Note 9, Risk Management and Hedging Activities for further discussion of our derivative activity.

Utility Plant

Utility plant is stated at original cost, including contracted services, direct labor and material, allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC), and indirect charges for engineering, supervision and similar overhead items. All expenditures for maintenance and repairs of utility plant are charged to the appropriate maintenance expense accounts. A betterment or replacement of a unit of property is accounted for as an addition and retirement of utility plant. At the time of such a retirement, the accumulated provision for depreciation is charged with the original cost of the property retired and also for the net cost of removal. Also included in utility plant are assets under capital lease, which are stated at the present value of minimum lease payments.

AFUDC represents the cost of financing construction projects with borrowed funds and equity funds. While cash is not realized currently from such allowance, it is realized under the ratemaking process over the service life of the related property through increased revenues resulting from a higher rate base and higher depreciation expense. The component of AFUDC attributable to borrowed funds is included as a reduction to net interest charges, while the equity component is included in other income. We determine the rate used to compute AFUDC in accordance with a formula established by the FERC. This rate averaged 8.0% and 7.9% for Montana for 2012 and 2011, respectively, and 8.0% and 7.8% for South Dakota for 2012 and 2011, respectively. AFUDC capitalized totaled \$7.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 and \$3.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 for Montana and South Dakota combined.

We capitalize preliminary survey and investigation charges related to the determination of the feasibility of transmission or generation utility projects in other deferred debits. Upon commencement of construction, these costs are transferred to construction work in process, and upon completion, these costs will be transferred to utility plant in service. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, we have capitalized preliminary survey and investigation charges of approximately \$1.2 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Capitalized costs are charged to operating expense if the development of the project is no longer feasible.

We may require contributions in aid of construction from customers when we extend service. Amounts used from these contributions to fund capital additions were \$5.0 million and \$2.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

We record provisions for depreciation at amounts substantially equivalent to calculations made on a straight-line method by applying various rates based on useful lives of the various classes of properties (ranging from three to 40 years) determined from engineering studies. As a percentage of the depreciable utility plant at the beginning of the year, our provision for depreciation of utility plant was approximately 3.3% and 3.3% for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Depreciation rates include a provision for our share of the estimated costs to decommission three coal-fired generating plants at the end of the useful life of each plant. The annual provision for such costs is included in depreciation expense, while the accumulated provisions are included in accumulated depreciation.

Income Taxes

Exposures exist related to various tax filing positions, which may require an extended period of time to resolve and may result in income tax adjustments by taxing authorities. We have reduced deferred tax assets or established liabilities based on our best estimate of future probable adjustments related to these exposures. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate exposures in light of any additional information and make adjustments as necessary to reflect the best estimate of the future outcomes. We believe our deferred tax assets and established liabilities are appropriate for estimated exposures; however, actual results may differ from these estimates. The resolution of tax matters in a particular future period could have a material impact on our Statements of Income and provision for income taxes.

Environmental Costs

We record environmental costs when it is probable we are liable for the costs and we can reasonably estimate the liability. We may defer costs as a regulatory asset if we have prior regulatory authorization for recovery of these costs from customers in future rates. Otherwise, we expense the costs. If an environmental expense is related to facilities we currently use, such as pollution control equipment, then we capitalize and depreciate the costs over the remaining life of the asset, assuming the costs are recoverable in future rates or future cash flows.

Our remediation cost estimates are based on the use of an environmental consultant, our experience, our assessment of the current situation and the technology currently available for use in the remediation. We regularly adjust the recorded costs as we revise estimates and as remediation proceeds. If we are one of several designated responsible parties, then we estimate and record only our share of the cost. We treat any future costs of restoring sites where operation may extend indefinitely as a capitalized cost of plant retirement. The depreciation expense levels we can recover in rates include a provision for these estimated removal costs.

Emission Allowances

We have sulfur dioxide (SO2) emission allowances and each allowance permits a generating unit to emit one ton of SO2 during or after a specified year. We have approximately 3,200 excess SO2 emission allowances per year for years 2017 through 2031, however these allowances have no carrying value in our Financial Statements and the market for these years is presently illiquid. These emission allowances are not subject to regulatory jurisdiction. When excess SO2 emission allowances are sold, we reflect the gain in operating income and cash received is reflected as an investing activity.

Accounting Standards Issued

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There have been no new accounting pronouncements or changes in accounting pronouncements issued during the year ended December 31, 2012 that are of significance, or potential significance, to us.

Accounting Standards Adopted

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance related to fair value measurement, which amends current guidance to achieve common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. The guidance expanded the disclosures for the unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements, requiring quantitative information to be disclosed related to (1) the valuation processes used, (2) the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in unobservable inputs and the interrelationships between those unobservable inputs, and (3) use of a nonfinancial asset in a way that differs from the asset's highest and best use. This revised guidance was effective during the first quarter of 2012. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on our financial statement disclosures.

(3) Regulatory Matters

Dave Gates Generating Station at Mill Creek (DGGS)

As a result of a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Administrative Law Judge's (ALJ) initial nonbinding decision issued in September 2012, we have cumulative deferred revenue of approximately \$18.5 million, which is subject to refund and recorded within current regulatory liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The ALJ concluded we should allocate only a fraction of the costs we believe (based on past practice) should be allocated to FERC jurisdictional customers. Our brief in opposition to the ALJ's initial decision is pending before the FERC.

Although we have no assurance as to timing, the FERC is expected to consider the matter and issue a binding decision during 2013. The FERC is not obligated to follow any of the ALJ's findings and conclusions, and the FERC can accept or reject the initial decision in whole or in part. If the FERC upholds the ALJ's decision and a portion of the costs are effectively disallowed, we would be required to assess DGGS for impairment. If we disagree with a decision issued by the FERC, we may pursue full appellate rights through rehearing and appeal to a United States Circuit Court of Appeals, which could extend into 2015. We continue to bill FERC jurisdictional customers interim rates that have been in effect since January 1, 2011. These interim rates are subject to refund plus interest pending final resolution at FERC.

Montana Electric and Natural Gas Tracker Filings

Each year we submit electric and natural gas tracker filings for recovery of supply costs for the 12-month period ended June 30 and for the projected supply costs for the next 12-month period. The Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC) reviews such filings and makes its cost recovery determination based on whether or not our electric and natural gas supply procurement activities were prudent.

We do not expect the MPSC to issue final orders related to our 2012 electric supply tracker filing, including our request for demand-side management (DSM) lost revenues, until at least the third quarter of 2013. As of March 31, 2013, we have deferred revenue of approximately \$6.2 million related to DSM lost revenues, which is recorded within current regulatory liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Montana Natural Gas Production Assets

During the third quarter of 2012, we completed the purchase of natural gas production interests in northern Montana's Bear Paw Basin, including a 75% interest in two gas gathering systems (Bear Paw). We are collecting the cost of service for Bear Paw natural gas produced, including a return on our investment, through our natural gas supply tracker on an interim basis. We expect to file an application with the MPSC to place our Bear Paw assets in natural gas rate base during 2013 and this revenue is subject to refund until we receive MPSC approval of our application.
Montana Natural Gas Rate Filing

In September 2012, we filed a request with the MPSC for an annual natural gas delivery revenue increase of approximately \$15.7 million. This request was based on a return on equity of 10.5%, a capital structure consisting of 52% debt and 48% equity and rate base of \$309.5 million.

In April 2013, we reached a joint settlement with intervenors and received MPSC approval to increase our annual natural gas delivery rates by approximately \$11.5 million, based on a return on equity of 9.8%.

Montana Avoided Cost Compliance Filing

Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership (CELP) is a QF with which we have a power purchase agreement (PPA) for approximately 306,600 MWH's annually through June 2024. Under the terms of the PPA with CELP, energy and capacity rates were fixed for the first fifteen years and beginning July 1, 2004, through the end of the contract, energy and capacity rates are to be determined each year pursuant to a formula, subject to annual review and approval by the MPSC. Until April 2013, the MPSC's most recent final order related to this compliance filing covered rates through June 30, 2006. We had been in litigation with CELP since 2007 over how to determine energy and capacity rates under the PPA. On November 1, 2012, an arbitration panel issued a final award in our favor. In April 2013, the MPSC issued a final order consistent with the arbitration panel's final award for the contract years July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2013.

(4) Equity Investments

The following table presents our equity investments reflected in the investments in subsidiary companies on the Balance Sheets (in thousands):

	December 31,	December 31,
	2012	2011
Colstrip Unit 4 Basis Adjustment	\$ (162,848)	§
Mountain States Transmission Intertie, LLC	9,379	18,296
Natural GassFunding Trust		2,466
NorthWestern Services, LLC	(9,926)	(10,049)
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.	2,762	2,815
Total Investments in Subsidiary Companies	\$ (160,633) \$	5 (152,003)]

(5) Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership (CELP)

CELP is a QF with which we have a power purchase agreement (PPA) for approximately 306,600 MWH's annually through June 2024. Under the terms of the PPA with CELP, energy and capacity rates were fixed for the first fifteen years and beginning July 1, 2004, through the end of the contract, energy and capacity rates are to be determined each year pursuant to a formula, subject to annual review and approval by the MPSC. The MPSC's last final order covered rates through June 30, 2006. CELP filed a complaint against us and the MPSC in Montana district court in 2007, which contested the MPSC's orders. For further discussion of this litigation, see Note 20 - Commitments and Contingencies.

On November 1, 2012, an arbitration panel issued a final award in our favor. The final award confirmed that the rate methodology used by us for calculating the rates for the July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2011 period was consistent with the PPA and a previous final award issued by the same arbitration panel on October 30, 2009. Based on the clarity provided by the final award regarding the rate calculation for 2006 through the remainder of the PPA, we have updated the calculation of our QF liability and recorded a pre-tax gain of \$47.9 million within operation expenses in the Statements of Income during the fourth quarter of 2012.

(6) Utility Plant

The following table presents the major classifications of our net utility plant (in thousands):

	Decem	ber 31,
	2012	2011
Land and improvements	\$73,370	\$ 58,635
Building and improvements	220,607	161,349
Storage, distribution, and transmission	2,502,640	2,394,539
Generation	728,252	682,070
Construction work in process	1:15,304	72,581
Other equipment	238,853	222,973
	3,879,026	3,592,147
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,598,250)	(1,516,039)
	\$ 2,280,776	5 2,076,108

Plant and equipment under capital lease were \$27.7 million and \$29.8 million as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which included \$27.1 million and \$29.2 million as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, related to a long-term power supply contract with the owners of a natural gas fired peaking plant, which has been accounted for as an obligation under capital lease.

Jointly Owned Electric Generating Plant

We have an ownership interest in four base-load electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have an undivided interest in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated. Our interest in each plant is reflected in the Balance Sheets on a pro rata basis and our share of operating expenses is reflected in the Statements of Income. The participants each finance their own investment.

Information relating to our ownership interest in these facilities is as follows (in thousands):

en an	· ···· · B	ig Stone (SD)	· · · · N	leal #4 (IA)	Coyote (ND)	Co	lstrip Unit 4 (MT)
December 31, 2012							
Ownership percentages		.23.4%		8.7%	10.0%		30.0%
Plant in service	\$	61,084	\$	30,009	\$ 46,188	\$	290,607
Accumulated depreciation		38,021		23,994	30,655		67,534
December 31, 2011							
Ownership percentages		.23:4%		8.7%	10:0%		30.0%
Plant in service	\$	58,383	\$	29,991	\$ 45,066	\$	287,462
Accumulated depreciation.		39,246		23,046	29,740		59,586

(7) Asset Retirement Obligations

We are obligated to dispose of certain long-lived assets upon their abandonment. We recognize a liability for the legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditional on a future event. We measure the liability at fair value when incurred and capitalize a corresponding amount as part of the book value of the related assets, which increases our property, plant and equipment and other noncurrent liabilities. The increase in the capitalized cost is included in determining depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of these assets. Since the fair value of the asset retirement obligation (ARO) is determined using a present value approach, accretion of the liability due to the passage of time is recognized each period and recorded as a regulatory asset until the settlement of the liability. Revisions to estimated ARO can result from changes in retirement cost estimates, revisions to estimated inflation rates, and changes in the estimated timing of abandonment. If the obligation is settled for an amount other than the carrying amount of the liability, we will recognize a gain or loss on settlement.

Our AROs are primarily related to Department of Transportation requirements to cut, purge and cap retired natural gas pipeline segments, and our obligation to plug and abandon oil and gas wells at the end of their life. The following table presents the change in our gross conditional ARO (in thousands):

	Dece	mber 31,
	2012	2011
Liability at January 1,	\$ (6,292)	\$ 7,181
Accretion expense	473	493
Liabilities incurred	2,466	
Liabilities settled	(35)	(1,970)
Revisions to cash flows	87	102
Liability at December 31,	\$ 9,283	\$ 6,292

Liabilities incurred includes amounts related to the natural gas production assets acquired.

Our regulated utility operations have, previously recognized removal costs of transmission and distribution assets as a component of depreciation in accordance with regulatory treatment. Generally, the accrual of future non-ARO removal obligations is not required. However, long-standing ratemaking practices approved by applicable state and federal regulatory commissions have allowed provisions for such costs in historical depreciation rates. These removal costs have accumulated over a number of years based on varying rates as authorized by the appropriate regulatory entities. These amounts do not represent legal retirement obligations. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, we have recognized accrued removal costs of \$248.0 million and \$235.3 million, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation. In addition, for our generation properties, we have accrued non-ARO decommissioning costs since the generating units were first put into service in the amount of \$16.5 million and \$15.9 million as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which are classified as accumulated depreciation.

We have identified removal liabilities related to our electric and natural gas transmission and distribution assets that have been installed on easements over property not owned by us. The easements are generally perpetual and only require remediation action upon abandonment or cessation of use of the property for the specified purpose. The ARO liability is not estimable for such easements as we intend to utilize these properties indefinitely. In the event we decide to abandon or cease the use of a particular easement, an ARO liability would be recorded at that time.

(8) Utility Plant Adjustments

We completed our annual utility plant adjustments impairment test as of April 1, 2012 and no impairment was identified. We calculate the fair value of our reporting units by considering various factors, including valuation studies based primarily on a discounted cash flow analysis, with published industry valuations and market data as supporting information. Key assumptions in the determination of fair value include the use of an appropriate discount rate and estimated future cash flows. In estimating cash flows, we incorporate expected long-term growth rates in our service territory, regulatory stability, and commodity prices (where appropriate), as well as other factors that affect our revenue, expense and capital expenditure projections.

The long-term growth rates used for our reporting units reflect increased infrastructure investment. However, even if we assumed a 10% reduction in cash flows for either reporting unit, there would be no impairment of utility plant adjustments. Additionally, due to our regulated environment, if an increase in the cost of capital occurred, the effect on the corresponding reporting unit's fair value should be ultimately offset by a similar increase in the reporting unit's regulated revenues since those rates include a component that is based on the reporting unit's cost of capital.

(9) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Nature of Our Business and Associated Risks

We are exposed to certain risks related to the ongoing operations of our business, including the impact of market fluctuations in the price of electricity and natural gas commodities and changes in interest rates. We rely on market purchases to fulfill a large portion of our electric and natural gas supply requirements within the Montana market. Several factors influence price levels and volatility. These factors include, but are not limited to, seasonal changes in demand, weather conditions, available generating assets within regions, transportation availability and reliability within and between regions, fuel availability, market liquidity, and the nature and extent of current and potential federal and state regulations.

Objectives and Strategies for Using Derivatives

To manage our exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices we routinely enter into derivative contracts, such as fixed-price forward purchase and sales contracts. The objective of these transactions is to fix the price for a portion of anticipated energy purchases to supply our customers. These types of contracts are included in our electric and natural gas supply portfolios and are used to manage price volatility risk by taking advantage of fluctuations in market prices. While individual contracts may be above or below market value, the overall portfolio approach is intended to provide greater price stability for consumers. These commodity costs are included in our cost tracking mechanisms and are recoverable from customers subject to prudence reviews by the applicable state regulatory commissions. We do not maintain a trading portfolio, and our derivative transactions are only used for risk management purposes consistent with regulatory guidelines. In addition, we may use interest rate swaps to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances or to manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on variable rate debt.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

We evaluate new and existing transactions and agreements to determine whether they are derivatives. The permitted accounting treatments include: normal purchase normal sale; cash flow hedge; fair value hedge; and mark-to-market. Mark-to-market accounting is the default accounting treatment for all derivatives unless they qualify, and we specifically designate them, for one of the other accounting treatments. Derivatives designated for any of the elective accounting treatments must meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. The changes in the fair value of recognized derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on whether a derivative is designated as part of a hedge transaction and the type of hedge transaction.

Normal Purchases and Normal Sales

We have applied the normal purchase and normal sale scope exception (NPNS) to most of our contracts involving the physical purchase and sale of gas and electricity at fixed prices in future periods. During our normal course of business, we enter into full-requirement energy contracts, power purchase agreements and physical capacity contracts, which qualify for NPNS. All of these contracts are accounted for using the accrual method of accounting; therefore, there were no amounts recorded in the Financial Statements at December 31, 2012 and 2011. Revenues and expenses from these contracts are reported on a gross basis in the appropriate revenue and expense categories as the commodities are received or delivered.

Mark-to-Market Accounting

Certain contracts for the purchase of natural gas associated with our gas utility operations do not qualify for NPNS. These are typically forward purchase contracts for natural gas where we lock in a fixed price, settle the contracts financially and do not take physical delivery of the natural gas. We use the mark-to-market method of accounting for these derivative contracts as we do not elect hedge accounting. Upon settlement of these contracts, associated proceeds or costs are refunded to or collected from our customers consistent with regulatory requirements; therefore, we record a regulatory asset or liability based on changes in market value.

The following table represents the fair value and location of derivative instruments subject to mark-to-market accounting (in thousands). For more information on the determination of fair value see Note 10 - Fair Value Measurements.

	 · · · ·	Decem	ber 3	1,
Mark-to-Market Transactions	Balance Sheet Location	2012		2011
	Current and Accrued	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Natural gas net derivative liability	Liabilities	\$ 5,428	\$	20,312

The following table represents the net change in fair value for these derivatives (in thousands):

		Unrealized ga Regulat	in rec tory A	n recognized in ry Assets		
Derivatives Subject to Regulatory Deferral	·	Decer 2012	nber 3	31, 2011		
Natural gas		\$ 14,884	\$	9,400		

Credit Risk

We are exposed to credit risk primarily through buying and selling electricity and natural gas to serve customers. Credit risk is the potential loss resulting from counterparty non-performance under an agreement. We manage credit risk with policies and procedures for, among other things, counterparty analysis and exposure measurement, monitoring and mitigation. We may request collateral or other security from our counterparties based on the assessment of credit worthiness and exposure. It is possible that volatility in commodity prices could cause us to have material credit risk exposures with one or more counterparties.

We enter into commodity master enabling agreements with our counterparties to mitigate credit exposure, as these agreements reduce the risk of default by allowing us or our counterparty the ability to make net payments. The agreements generally are: (1) Western Systems Power Pool agreements - standardized power purchase and sales contracts in the electric industry; (2) International Swaps and Derivatives Association agreements - standardized financial gas and electric contracts; (3) North American Energy Standards Board agreements - standardized physical gas contracts; and (4) Edison Electric Institute Master Purchase and Sale Agreements - standardized power sales contracts in the electric industry.

Many of our forward purchase contracts contain provisions that require us to maintain an investment grade credit rating from each of the major credit rating agencies. If our credit rating were to fall below investment grade, the counterparties could require immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing full overnight collateralization on contracts in net liability positions.

As of December 31, 2012, none of the forward purchase contracts that do not qualify for NPNS contain credit risk-related contingent features.

Interest Rate Swaps Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

If we enter into contracts to hedge the variability of cash flows related to forecasted transactions that qualify as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of such derivative instruments are reported in other comprehensive income. The relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item must be documented to include the risk management objective and strategy and, at inception and on an ongoing basis, the effectiveness of the hedge in offsetting the changes in the cash flows of the item being hedged. Gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to earnings in the periods in which earnings are affected by the variability of the cash flows of the related hedged item. Any ineffective portion of all hedges would be recognized in current-period earnings. Cash flows related to these contracts are classified in the same category as the transaction being hedged.

We have previously used interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances. These swaps were designated as cash flow hedges with the effective portion of gains and losses, net of associated deferred income tax effects, recorded in AOCI. We reclassify these gains from AOCI into interest on long-term debt during the periods in which the hedged interest payments occur. The following table shows the effect of these derivative instruments on the Financial Statements (in thousands)

Cash Flow Hedges	Location of Gain Reclassified from AOCI to Income	Reclassified from AOCI into Income during the Year Ended December 31, 2012
Interest rate contracts	Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,188

Amount of Gain

Approximately \$6.9 million of the pre-tax gain on these cash flow hedges is remaining in AOCI as of December 31, 2012, and we expect to reclassify approximately \$1.2 million of pre-tax gains on these cash-flow hedges from AOCI into interest on long-term debt during the next twelve months. These gains relate to swaps previously terminated, and we have no current interest rate swaps outstanding.

(10) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). Measuring fair value requires the use of market data or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, corroborated by market data, or generally unobservable. Valuation techniques are required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, and requires fair value measurements to be categorized based on the observability of those inputs has been established by the applicable accounting guidance. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices available in active markets at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Pricing inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date; and
- Level 3 Significant inputs that are generally not observable from market activity.

We classify assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of each individual asset and liability taken as a whole. The table below sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the gross components of our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Normal purchases and sales transactions are not included in the fair values by source table as they are not recorded at fair value. There were no transfers between levels for the periods presented. See Note 9 - Risk Management and Hedging Activities for further discussion.

	Quoted P Active M	arkets			i a serie Presi	4 ¹ .			
December 31, 2012	for Identical A Liabilities 1)	Assets or	II II	cant Other ervable puts evel 2)	Signifi Unobser Inpu (Leve (in thou	rvable its el 3)	Margin Ca Collatera Offset		otal Net Fair Value
Other special deposits	\$	2,920	\$		\$	 \$		· <u> </u>	2,920
Rabbi trust investments		10,522				· · · · ·		<u> </u>	10,522
Derivative liability (1)		a san san san san san san san san san sa		(5,428)		202 <u>~</u> ~ 202			(5,428)
Total	\$	13,442	\$	(5,428)	\$	- \$		\$	8,014
December 31, 2011									
Other special deposits	\$.3,999	\$		\$	·		<u> </u>	3,999
Rabbi trust investments		8,049							8,049
Derivative liability (1)		2012 - 2012 2012 - 2013 - 2013		(20,312)					(20,312)
Total	\$	12,048	\$	(20,312)	\$	\$		<u> </u>	(8,264)

(1) The changes in the fair value of these derivatives are deferred as a regulatory asset or liability until the contracts are settled. Upon settlement, associated proceeds or costs are passed through the applicable cost tracking mechanism to customers.

We present our derivative assets and liabilities on a net basis in the Balance Sheets. The table above disaggregates our net derivative assets and liabilities on a gross contract-by-contract basis as required and classifies each individual asset or liability within the appropriate level in the fair value hierarchy, regardless of whether a particular contract is eligible for netting against other contracts. These gross balances are intended solely to provide information on sources of inputs to fair value and do not represent our actual credit exposure or net economic exposure. Increases and decreases in the gross components presented in each of the levels in this table also do not indicate changes in the level of derivative activities. Rather, the primary factors affecting the gross amounts are commodity prices.

Other special deposits represent amounts held in money market mutual funds. Rabbi trust assets represent assets held for non-qualified deferred compensation plans, which consist of our common stock and actively traded mutual funds with quoted prices in active markets. Fair value for the commodity derivatives was determined using internal models based on quoted forward commodity prices. We consider nonperformance risk in our valuation of derivative instruments by analyzing the credit standing of our counterparties and considering any counterparty credit enhancements (e.g., collateral). The fair value measurement of liabilities also reflects the nonperformance risk of the reporting entity, as applicable. Therefore, we have factored the impact of our credit standing as well as any potential credit enhancements into the fair value measurement of both derivative assets and derivative liabilities. Consideration of our own credit risk did not have a material impact on our fair value measurements.

Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of financial instruments is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2012			December 31, 2011			
	 Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Fair Value
Liabilities:	· <u> </u>						
Long-term debt (including current portion)	\$ 1,055,074	\$	1,229,233	\$	905,049	\$	1,066,681

Notes payable consist of commercial paper and are not included in the table above as carrying value approximates fair value. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies; however, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange.

We determined fair value for long-term debt based on interest rates that are currently available to us for issuance of debt with similar terms and remaining maturities, except for publicly traded debt, for which fair value is based on market prices for the same or similar issues or upon the quoted market prices of U.S. treasury issues having a similar term to maturity, adjusted for our bond issuance rating and the present value of future cash flows. These are significant other observable inputs, or level 2 inputs, in the fair value hierarchy.

(11) Notes Payable

Notes payable and the corresponding weighted average interest rates as of December 31 were as follows (dollars in millions, except for percentages):

	2012	2	201	1
Notes Payable	 Balance	Interest Rate	Balance	Interest Rate
Commercial Paper	\$ 122.9	0.53%	\$ 166.9	0.57%

The following information relates to commercial paper for the years ended December 31 (dollars in millions):

	2012	2011
Maximum short-term debt outstanding	\$ 166:9	\$ 166.9
Average short-term debt outstanding	\$ 78.9	\$ 83.4
Weighted-average interest rate	0.48%	0.42%

Under our commercial paper program we may issue unsecured commercial paper notes on a private placement basis up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$250 million to provide an additional financing source for our short-term liquidity needs. The maturities of the commercial paper issuances will vary, but may not exceed 270 days from the date of issue. Commercial paper issuances are supported by available capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility. See Note 12 - Long-Term Debt, for more information on our unsecured revolving credit facility.

(12) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

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	Due	2012	2011
Unsecured Debt:			
Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit	2016 \$. — \$	
Secured Debt:			
Mortgage bonds—		•	
South Dakota-6:05%	2018	55,000	55,000
South Dakota—5.01%	2025	64,000	64,000
South Dakota-4:15%		.30,000	
South Dakota—4.30%	2052	20,000	
Montana—6:04%		150,000	150,000
Montana—6.34%	.2019	250,000	250,000
Montana—5.71%	.2039	55,000	55,000
Montana—5.01%	2025	161,000	161,000
Montana—4.15%	2042	60,000	
Montana-4.30%	2052	40,000	
Pollution control obligations—			
Montana—4.65%	.2023	170,205	170,205
Other Long Term Debt:			
Discount on Notes and Bonds.	= -	(131).	(156)
	\$	1,055,074 \$	905,049

Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit

Our \$300 million unsecured revolving line of credit is scheduled to expire on June 30, 2016, and does not amortize. The facility has an accordion feature that allows us to increase the size up to \$350 million. The facility bears interest at the lower of prime or available rates tied to the LIBOR plus a credit spread, ranging from 0.88% to 1.75% over the LIBOR. A total of eight banks participate in the facility, with no one bank providing more than 17% of the total availability. While no direct borrowings were outstanding as of December 31, 2012, letters of credit of \$3.5 million were outstanding. Commitment fees for the unsecured revolving line of credit were \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The credit facility includes covenants that require us to meet certain financial tests, including a maximum debt to capitalization ratio not to exceed 65%. The facility also contains covenants which, among other things, limit our ability to engage in any consolidation or merger or otherwise liquidate or dissolve, dispose of property, and enter into transactions with affiliates. A default on the South Dakota or Montana First Mortgage Bonds would trigger a cross default on the credit facility; however a default on the credit facility would not trigger a default on any other obligations.

Secured Debt

First Mortgage Bonds and Pollution Control Obligations

The South Dakota Mortgage Bonds are a series of general obligation bonds issued under our South Dakota indenture. All of such bonds are secured by substantially all of our South Dakota and Nebraska electric and natural gas assets.

The Montana First Mortgage Bonds and Montana Pollution Control Obligations are secured by substantially all of our Montana electric and natural gas assets.

In August 2012, we issued \$90 million aggregate principal amount of Montana and South Dakota First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 4.15% maturing in 2042. At the same time, we also issued \$60 million aggregate principal amount of Montana and South Dakota First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 4.30% maturing in 2052. The bonds are secured by our electric and natural gas assets in the respective jurisdictions. The bonds were issued in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Proceeds were used primarily to repay commercial paper borrowings.

Maturities of Long-Term Debt

The aggregate minimum principal maturities of long-term debt during the next five years are zero in 2013 through 2015, \$150.0 million in 2016, and zero in 2017.

As of December 31, 2012, we are in compliance with our financial debt covenants.

(13) Related Party Transactions

Accounts receivable from and payables to associated companies primarily include intercompany billings for direct charges, overhead, and income tax obligations. The following table reflects our accounts receivable from and accounts payable to associated companies (in thousands):

	December 31,	December 31,	
	2012	2011	-
Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Mountain States Transmission Intertie, LLC	\$-	\$ 2,650	
NorthWestern Services, LLC		2,184	
Risk Partners Assurance, Ltd.	18	18	
	\$	\$ 4,852	
Section has a factor in the factor in the factor in the factor of the factor in the factor is the factor in the factor is the factor in the factor is the factor is the factor in the factor is the fa			
Accounts Payable to Associated Companies:	•		
Natural/Gas/Eunding/Trust	\$	\$	

(14) Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate differs from the federal statutory tax rate of 35% primarily due to the regulatory impact of flowing through federal and state tax benefits of repairs deductions and state tax benefit of bonus depreciation deductions. The regulatory accounting treatment of these deductions requires immediate income recognition for temporary tax differences of this type, which is referred to as the flow-through method. When the flow-through method of accounting for temporary differences is reflected in regulated revenues, we record deferred income taxes and establish related regulatory assets and liabilities.

Deferred income taxes relate primarily to the difference between book and tax methods of depreciating property, amortizing taxdeductible goodwill, the difference in the recognition of revenues and expenses for book and tax purposes, certain natural gas and electric costs which are deferred for book purposes but expensed currently for tax purposes, and NOL carry forwards. We have elected under Internal Revenue Code 46(f)(2) to defer investment tax credit benefits and amortize them against expense and customer billing rates over the book life of the underlying plant.

The components of the net deferred income tax liability recognized in our Balance Sheets are related to the following temporary differences (in thousands)

na sena de la companya de la company	Decemb	er 31,
	2012	2011
Pension//postretirement/benefits	59,098 \$	41,898
NOL carryforward		51,941
Property taxes	1.8,023	
Unbilled revenue	15,942	6,297
Customeriadvances	13,660	16,157
Reserves and accruals	3,202	4,378
Compensation accruals	11,303	7,269
AMT credit carryforward	10,588	6,897
Environmental liability.	9,701	9,670
Regulatory liability	1,526	1,098
QF obligations	1,462	20,596
Other, net	3,523	1,862
Valuation allowance		(3,834)
Deferred Tax Asset	148,028	164,229
Excess tax depreciation	(276,453)	(273,001)
Goodwill amortization	(118,313)	(96,233)
Flow through depreciation	(63,551)	(49,740)
Regulatory assets	(24,173)	(14,323)
Property/taxes		(511)
	(482,490)	(433,808)
Deferred Tax Liability, net	(334,462) \$	(269:579)
	and the second	and the second se

At December 31, 2012 we estimate our total federal NOL carryforward to be approximately \$255.1 million. If unused, our federal NOL carryforwards will expire as follows: \$2.5 million in 2026; \$1.0 million in 2027; \$95.5 million in 2028; \$23.8 million in 2029; \$3.2 million in 2030; \$127.5 million in 2031; and \$1.6 million in 2032. We estimate our state NOL carryforward as of December 31, 2012 is approximately \$201.3 million. If unused, our state NOL carryforwards will expire as follows: \$3.0 million in 2013; \$0.8 million in 2014; \$74.0 million in 2015; \$18.6 million in 2016; \$2.5 million in 2017; \$101.2 million in 2018; and \$1.2 million in 2019. We believe it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable income will be generated to utilize these NOL carryforwards.

Uncertain Tax Positions

We recognize tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not threshold as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The change in unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	•	2012		2011
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at January 1	\$	131,949	\$	120;859
Gross increases - tax positions in prior period				·
Gross decreases tax positions in prior period		(1,766)	(15,774)
Gross increases - tax positions in current period		2,391	÷	26,864
Gross decreases -: tax positions in current period		(19,283))	
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at December 31	\$	113,291	\$	131,949

Our unrecognized tax benefits include approximately \$79.2 million related to tax positions as of each of December 31, 2012 and 2011, that if recognized, would impact our annual effective tax rate. We do not anticipate total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits or the expiration of statutes of limitations within the next twelve months.

The IRS issued guidance during the third quarter of 2011 providing a safe harbor method for determining the tax treatment of repair costs related to electric transmission and distribution property. That guidance was updated in the third quarter of 2012 to allow companies additional time to adopt the safe harbor method. We are evaluating whether or not we want to elect the safe harbor method, which may result in a change in related repairs deductions and unrecognized tax benefits. We expect to complete our evaluation by the second quarter of 2013.

Our policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, we have not recognized expense for interest or penalties, and do not have any amounts accrued at either December 31, 2012 or 2011, for the payment of interest and penalties.

Our federal tax returns from 2000 forward remain subject to examination by the IRS.

(15) Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following tables display the components of Other Comprehensive Loss, after-tax, and the related tax effects (in thousands):

	December 31,								
		2012	· ·	2011					
	Before-Tax Amount	Tax Benefit	Net-of-Tax Amount	Before-Tax Amount	Tax Benefit	Net-of-Tax Amount			
Foreign-currency translation		.							
adjustment	\$\$(57)	₩ <u>₩</u> ₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩	§	\$		l\$			
Reclassification of net gains on						•			
derivative instruments to net									
income	(1,188)	457	(731)	(1,188)	458	(730)			
Reclassification of deferred tax.									
liability on net gains on									
derivative instruments				<u> </u>	(3,572)	(3,572)			
Pension and postretirement									
medical liability adjustment	(896)	345	(551)	(736)	155	(581)			
Other comprehensive loss	(2,141)	\$ <u>802</u> \$	(1,339)	\$(1,899)	:\$ (2;959)	\$ (4,858)			

Balances by classification included within AOCI on the Balance Sheets are as follows, net of tax (in thousands):

	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Foreign currency translation	366	\$ 420.
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	4,243	4,975
Rension and postretirement medical plans	(2,292)	(1,789)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,317	3,656

(16) Operating Leases

We lease vehicles, office equipment and facilities under various long-term operating leases. At December 31, 2012 future minimum lease payments for the next five years under non-cancelable lease agreements are as follows (in thousands):

	1,781
2014	1,192
2015	820
2016	620
2017	474

Lease and rental expense incurred was \$2.2 million and \$2.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(17) Employee Benefit Plans

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

We sponsor and/or contribute to pension and postretirement health care and life insurance benefit plans for eligible employees, which includes two cash balance pension plans. The plan for our South Dakota and Nebraska employees is referred to as the NorthWestern pension plan, and the plan for our Montana employees is referred to as the NorthWestern Energy pension plan. We utilize a number of accounting mechanisms that reduce the volatility of reported pension costs. Differences between actuarial assumptions and actual plan results are deferred and are recognized into earnings only when the accumulated differences exceed 10% of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of plan assets. If necessary, the excess is amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The Plan's funded status is recognized as an asset or liability in our financial statements. See Note 19 - Regulatory Assets and Liabilities, for further discussion on how these costs are recovered through rates charged to our customers.

Benefit Obligation and Funded Status

Following is a reconciliation of the changes in plan benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets, and a statement of the funded status (in thousands):

		Pension Benefits December 31,			Oth	Other Postretirement Benefits December 31,			
	<u> </u>	2012		2011		2012	ibei	2011	
Change in Benefit Obligation:							(je Store		
Obligation at beginning of period	\$	536,536	\$	478,790	\$	32,427	\$	35,968	
Service:cost		11,488		10,199		. 541		437	
Interest cost		23,823		24,394		1,167		1,348	
Planamendments			nser Signe					. (464)	
Actuarial loss (gain)		59,071		44,586		2,508		(2,056)	
Benefits paid	<u> () () (</u>	(21,275)	e di la constante di La constante di la constante di	(21,433)		(2,603)		(2,806)	
Benefit obligation at end of period	\$	609,643	\$	536,536	\$	34,040	\$	32,427	
Change in Fair Value of Plan Assets:	Kana								
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	\$	432,637	\$	428,152	\$	15,502	\$	17,201	
Return on plan assets		49,874		14,218		1,789		340	
Employer contributions		11,700		11,700		1,205		767	
Benefitspaid		(21,275)		(21,433)		(2,603)	S. S	(2,806)	
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$	472,936	\$	432,637	\$	15,893	\$	15,502	
Funded Status	\$	(136,7.07)	\$	(103,899)	\$	(18,147).	\${`,	(16,925)	
Amounts recognized in the balance sheet consist of:								• • •	
Current-liability						(1,082)		(1,075)	
Noncurrent liability		(136,707)		(103,899)		(17,065)		(15,850)	
Net:amount:recognized	×\$	*(136,707)	\$	(103,899)	\$	(18,147)	\$	(16;925)	
Amounts recognized in regulatory assets consist of:									
Prior service (cost) credit		(994)							
Net actuarial loss		(160,610)	1000000	(130,062)		(9,488)		(10,025)	
Amounts recognized in AOCI consist of:			\$87. 8						
Prior service cost	restanteer		Xeoro com		7.54 0 0055000	(1,453)	0005535666	(1,604)	
Net actuarial gain						(2,432)		(1,051)	
Total	\$	(161,604)	\$	(131,303)	\$	8,023	\$	10,865	

The total projected benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for the pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were as follows (in millions):

	Pension Benefits		
	December 31,		
	2012	2011	
Projected benefit obligation	609 <i>:</i> 6.	\$	
Accumulated benefit obligation	606.2	533.5	
Fair value of plan assets	472:9	432:6	

Net Periodic Cost (Credit)

The components of the net costs (credits) for our pension and other postretirement plans are as follows (in thousands):

	. ' <u>*</u> ' . <u>**</u>	Pension Benefits December 31,			Ot	her Postreti Decen		
й. •		2012 2011			2012		2011	
Components of Net							N. (c) (c)	
Reriodic Benefit Cost								
Service cost	\$	11,488	\$	10,199	\$	541	\$	437
Interest cost		23,823				1,167		1,348
Expected return on plan	l							
assets		(29,996)		(30,462)		(1,021)		(1,185)
Amortization of prior			t engend Çeyestê					
service cost (credit)				246		(1,998)		(1,998)
Recognized actuarial								
loss		8,646		2,516		790		658
Net Periodic Benefit								
Cost (Credit)	(\$)	14,207	`\$```	6,893	\$	(521)	\$	(740)

For purposes of calculating the expected return on pension plan assets, the market-related value of assets is used, which is based upon fair value. The difference between actual plan asset returns and estimated plan asset returns are amortized equally over a period not to exceed five years.

We estimate amortizations from regulatory assets into net periodic benefit cost during 2013 will be as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits
Prior service cost (credit) Accumulated loss	\$	\$(1;998) 901

Actuarial Assumptions

The measurement dates used to determine pension and other postretirement benefit measurements for the plans are December 31, 2012 and 2011. The actuarial assumptions used to compute net periodic pension cost and postretirement benefit cost are based upon information available as of the beginning of the year, specifically, market interest rates, past experience and management's best estimate of future economic conditions. Changes in these assumptions may impact future benefit costs and obligations. In computing future costs and obligations, we must make assumptions about such things as employee mortality and turnover, expected salary and wage increases, discount rate, expected return on plan assets, and expected future cost increases. Two of these assumptions have the most impact on the level of cost: (1) discount rate and (2) expected rate of return on plan assets.

For 2012 and 2011, we set the discount rate using a yield curve analysis, which projects benefit cash flows into the future and then discounts those cash flows to the measurement date using a yield curve. This is done by constructing a hypothetical bond portfolio whose cash flow from coupons and maturities matches the year-by-year, projected benefit cash flow from our plans.

In determining the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, we review historical returns, the future expectations for returns for each asset class weighted by the target asset allocation of the pension and postretirement portfolios, and long-term inflation assumptions. Considering this information and future expectations for asset returns, we are maintaining a 7.00% long-term rate of return on assets assumption for 2013.

The health care cost trend rates are established through a review of actual recent cost trends and projected future trends. Our retiree medical trend assumptions are the best estimate of expected inflationary increases to our healthcare costs. Due to the relative size of our retiree population (under 800 members), the assumptions used are based upon both nationally expected trends and our specific expected trends. Our average increase remains consistent with the nationally expected trends.

	Pension I Decemb		Other Postreti Benefits December		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Discount rate	3.55-3.80%	4.40-4.55% %	6 2.25-3.20%	3:50-4.30%	:%
Expected rate of return on					
assets	7.00	7.25	7.00	7.25	
Long-term rate of increase in					
compensation levels					
(nonunion)	3.58	3.58	.3.58	3.5.8	
Long-term rate of increase					
in compensation levels (union)	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	

The weighted-average assumptions used in calculating the preceding information are as follows:

The postretirement benefit obligation is calculated assuming that health care costs increased by 8.75% in 2012 and the rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits thereafter was assumed to decrease gradually by 0.25% per year to an ultimate trend of 4.5% by the year 2029. The company contribution toward the premium cost is capped, therefore future health care cost trend rates are expected to have a minimal impact on company costs and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation.

Investment Strategy

Our investment goals with respect to managing the pension and other postretirement assets are to meet current and future benefit payment needs while maximizing total investment returns (income and appreciation) after inflation within the constraints of diversification, prudent risk taking, and the Prudent Man Rule of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Each plan is diversified across asset classes to achieve optimal balance between risk and return and between income and growth through capital appreciation. Our investment philosophy is based on the following:

- Each plan should be substantially fully invested as long-term cash holdings reduce long-term rates of return;
- It is prudent to diversify each plan across the major asset classes;
- Equity investments provide greater long-term returns than fixed income investments, although with greater short-term volatility;
- Fixed income investments of the plans should strongly correlate with the interest rate sensitivity of the plan's aggregate liabilities in order to hedge the risk of change in interest rates negatively impacting the overall funded status;
- Allocation to foreign equities increases the portfolio diversification and thereby decreases portfolio risk while providing for the potential for enhanced long-term returns;
- Active management can reduce portfolio risk and potentially add value through security selection strategies;
- A portion of plan assets should be allocated to passive, indexed management funds to provide for greater diversification and lower cost; and
- It is appropriate to retain more than one investment manager, provided that such managers offer asset class or style diversification.

Investment risk is measured and monitored on an ongoing basis through quarterly investment portfolio reviews, annual liability measurements, and periodic asset/liability studies.

The most important component of an investment strategy is the portfolio asset mix, or the allocation between the various classes of securities available. The mix of assets is based on an optimization study that identifies asset allocation targets in order to achieve the maximum return for an acceptable level of risk, while minimizing the expected contributions and pension and postretirement expense. In the optimization study, assumptions are formulated about characteristics, such as expected asset class investment returns, volatility (risk), and correlation coefficients among the various asset classes, and making adjustments to reflect future conditions expected to prevail over the study period. Based on this, the target asset allocation established, within an allowable range of plus or minus 5%, is as follows:

and the second	Pension Benefits		Other Be	enefits
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	December 31,		Decemb	er 31,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Domestic debt securifies	-40.0%	40:0%	40:0%	40.0%
International debt securities	10.0	10.0	a	<u> </u>
Domestic equity securifies	40,0	40.0	50:0	:50:0
International equity securities	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0

The actual allocation by plan is as follows:

	NorthWestern Energy Pension		NorthWestern Pension		NorthWestern Energy Health and Welfare	
	December 31,		December 31,		Decembe	r 31,
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Cash and cash equivalents				(j. 1	3.4%	2.0%
Domestic debt securities	39.5	39.5	38.3	38.4	37.8	39.4
International debt securities	9:9	10.6	10.6	11.2		
Domestic equity securities	40.2	40.3	40.6	40.9	49.8	49.8
International equity securities	10:4.	9.6	1.0.5	9.5	9.0	8:8
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Generally, the asset mix will be rebalanced to the target mix as individual portfolios approach their minimum or maximum levels. Debt securities consist of U.S. and international instruments. Core domestic portfolios can be invested in government, corporate, assetbacked and mortgage-backed obligation securities. While the portfolio may invest in high yield securities, the average quality must be rated at least "investment grade" by rating agencies. Performance of fixed income investments is measured by both traditional investment benchmarks as well as relative changes in the present value of the plan's liabilities. Equity investments consist primarily of U.S. stocks including large, mid and small cap stocks, which are diversified across investment styles such as growth and value. We also invest in international equities with exposure to developing and emerging markets. Derivatives, options and futures are permitted for the purpose of reducing risk but may not be used for speculative purposes.

Our plan assets are primarily invested in common collective trusts (CCTs), which are invested in equity and fixed income securities. In accordance with our investment policy, these pooled investment funds must have an adequate asset base relative to their asset class and be invested in a diversified manner and have a minimum of three years of verified investment performance experience or verified portfolio manager investment experience in a particular investment strategy and have management and oversight by an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Investments in a collective investment vehicle are valued by multiplying the investee company's net asset value per share with the number of units or shares owned at the valuation date. Net asset value per share is determined by the trustee. Investments held by the CCT, including collateral invested for securities on loan, are valued on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service approved by the CCT's investment manager, which determines valuations using methods based on quoted closing market prices on national securities exchanges, or at fair value as determined in good faith by the CCT's investment manager if applicable. The funds do not contain any redemption restrictions. The direct holding of NorthWestern Corporation stock is not permitted; however, any holding in a diversified mutual fund or collective investment fund is permitted. In addition, the NorthWestern Corporation pension plan assets also include a participating group annuity contract is valued based on discounted cash flows of current yields of similar contracts with comparable duration based on the underlying fixed income investments.

The fair value of our plan assets at December 31, 2012, by asset category are as follows (in thousands):

		Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for	Significant Observable	Significant Unobservable
Asset Category	Total	Identical Assets Level 1	Inputs Level 2	Inputs Level 3
Rension Plan Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 508	\$	508	\$
Equity securities: (1)				
US small/mid cap growth	16,229		16,229	
US small/mid cap value	16,297		16,297	
US large cap growth	49,811		49,811	hand and the second state of the
US large cap value	:51,655			<u> </u>
US large cap passive	56,194		56,194	
Non-US core	36,358		36,358	
Emerging markets	12,713		12,713	
Fixed income securities:(2)	90,742		90,742	
US core opportunistic	48,710	 TESSINGESINGESTISTIC	90,742 48,710	
Long duration	6,455		6,455	
Long duration investment grade	7,091		7,091	
Long duration passive	5,239		5,239	
Non-US passive	46;856		46,856	
Active long corporate	18,540		18,540	
Participating group annuity contract	9,538	rae sheshi <u>e</u> shi	9,538	
	\$ 472,936 \$	\$	A CHICK MAX CONTACT OF THE OWNER	\$
Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets	History			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 533 \$		533	S —
Equity securifies: (1)				
US small/mid cap growth	567		567	
US small/mid cap value	567		567	
S&P 500 index	6,360	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	6,360	anagestation in generative that shall be:
US large cap growth	132 - 1		132	
US large cap value	139		139	······································
US large cap passive	151	an a		
Non-US core	1,323		1,323	
Emerging markets	108		108	
Fixed income securities: (2)	2010/17/2010/17/11/12/2010/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/2010/17/201	anna an	ningerschulter sind in die der sicher sicher	RIANIEWINTSCHEIM, DITZNIEWS, EMBERGER AUSTER,
Passive bond market	1,205		1,205	
US core opportunistic	4,440		4,440	Viela na Minali bilana carinalika minalimati matematika
US passive	138 J		138.	
Long duration	16	TRANSFORMENT MER AND	16	
Long duration investment grade	21	ernet en stretter er s tretter		
Long duration passive	16		16	Soran and the states of a second constance
Non-US passive	124 52		124	ischustructent , a d
Active long corporate	53	a ka sheka Sharahay In II, san Jiki hina 🗠 😥 🔺 sada	53	and a state of the s
	\$ 15,893	saatsaatsaatsaatsaatsaatsa (\$ s.	15,893	

The fair value of our plan assets at December 31, 2011, by asset category are as follows (in thousands):

		Ouoted Market		
n an an Anna a Anna an Anna an	an a	Prices in Active Markets for	Significant Observable	Significant Unobservable
Asset Category	Total	Identical Assets Level 1	Inputs Level 2	Inputs Level 3
Rension Plan Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 313	\$\$	313	\$
Equity securities: (1)				
US small/mid cap growth	14,922		14,922	· · · ·
US small/mid cap value	15,290		15,290	
US large cap growth	43,786		43,786	
USIlarge cap value	46,248		46,248	
US large cap passive	54,477		54,477	
Non-US core	41,270		41,270	
Fixed income securities:(2)		amerika konstantina tana kasara kana ka		AND
US core opportunistic	80,702	Methoda in The	80,702	
US passive	41,630		41,630	arusman san san san san san san san san san s
Long duration	6;998		6,998	
Long duration investment grade	13,058		13,058	
Long duration passive	5,441		5,441	
Non-US passive	46,023 12,730		46,023	
Activelong corporate Participating group annuity contract	9,749		9,749	
Participating group annuity contract	X11X			
	\$ 432,637 8	<u> </u>	432,637	
Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 270	$\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{R}}$	270	
Equity securities: (1)	643	NARONA SANASANA SANASANA SANASANA SANASANA SANASANA		
US small/mid-cap growth	636		643 636	
US small/mid cap value	5,671		5,671	
US large cap growth	180		180	
US large cap value	180		192	
US large cap passive	. 227		227	
Non-US core	1,379		1,379	
Fixed income securities: (2)			24 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 1	
Passive bond market	1,156		1,156	
US core opportunistic	4,603		4,603	
USpassive	185	1	185	
Long duration	. 25	.2.5495905669959995299529950966669995465956665998665	25	under Production and and a state of the second
Long duration investment grade	61	hin mangadi kat <u>i m</u> angga		
Long duration passive	. 26	a contrastición o constante de la desta de la desta 	26	anna an ann an Anna an Anna Anna Anna A
Non-US passive	191		191	
Active long corporate	57		57	
	\$ <u>15,502</u> \$	······································	15,502	an a

(1) This category consists of active and passive managed equity funds, which are invested in multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility.

(2) This category consists of investment grade bonds of issuers from diverse industries, debt securities issued by international, national, state and local governments, and asset-backed securities. This includes both active and passive managed funds.

For further discussion of the three levels of the fair value hierarchy see Note 10 - Fair Value Measurements.

Cash Flows

In accordance with the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA), and the relief provisions of the Worker, Retiree, and Employer Recovery Act of 2008 (WRERA), we are required to meet minimum funding levels in order to avoid required contributions and benefit restrictions. We have elected to use asset smoothing provided by the WRERA, which allows the use of asset averaging, including expected returns (subject to certain limitations), for a 24-month period in the determination of funding requirements.

Based on the assumptions allowed under the PPA, WRERA, Treasury guidance and IRS guidance, we estimate that we will not have a minimum annual required contribution for 2013. We do expect to contribute approximately \$11.7 million to our pension plans during 2013. Additional legislative or regulatory measures, as well as fluctuations in financial market conditions, may impact these funding requirements.

Due to the regulatory treatment of pension costs in Montana, expense is calculated using the average of our actual and estimated funding amounts from 2005 through 2013, therefore changes in our funding estimates creates increased volatility to earnings. Annual contributions to each of the pension plans are as follows (in thousands):

	2012	2011	2010
NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan (MT)	10,500	§ 10,500 - 8	<u>9,000</u>
NorthWestern Pension Plan (SD)	1,200	1,200	1,000
$\overline{\mathbf{s}}$	28 No. 11,700 S	§ 11,700 \$	S

We estimate the plans will make future benefit payments to participants as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits
2013	25,180	\$
2014	26,439	3,639
2015	27,694	3,544
2016	29,682	3,438
2017	30,823	3,212
2018-2022	173,402	12,636

Defined Contribution Plan

Our defined contribution plan permits employees to defer receipt of compensation as provided in Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees may elect to direct a percentage of their gross compensation to be contributed to the plan. We contribute various percentage amounts of the employee's gross compensation contributed to the plan. Matching contributions for the year ended December 31, 2012and 2011 were \$7.2 million and \$6.7 million, respectively.

(18) Stock-Based Compensation

We grant stock-based awards through our 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP), which includes restricted stock awards and performance share awards. As of December 31, 2012, there were 836,528 shares of common stock remaining available for grants. The remaining vesting period for awards previously granted ranges from one to five years if the service and/or performance requirements are met. Nonvested shares do not receive dividend distributions. The long-term incentive plan provides for accelerated vesting in the event of a change in control.

We account for our share-based compensation arrangements by recognizing compensation costs for all share-based awards over the respective service period for employee services received in exchange for an award of equity or equity-based compensation. The compensation cost is based on the fair value of the grant on the date it was awarded.

Restricted Stock and Performance Share Awards

Performance share awards were granted under the 2005 LTIP during 2012 and 2011. With these awards, shares will vest if, at the end of the three-year performance period, we have achieved certain performance goals and the individual remains employed by us. The exact number of shares issued will vary from 0% to 200% of the target award, depending on actual company performance relative to the performance goals. These awards contain both a market and performance based component. The performance goals for these awards are independent of each other and equally weighted, and are based on two metrics: (i) cumulative net income and return on equity growth; and (ii) total shareholder return (TSR) relative to a peer group.

Fair value is determined for each component of the performance share awards. The fair value of the net income component is estimated based upon the closing market price of our common stock as of the date of grant less the present value of expected dividends, multiplied by an estimated performance multiple determined on the basis of historical experience, which is subsequently trued up at vesting based on actual performance. The fair value of the TSR portion is estimated using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting performance targets based on historical returns relative to the peer group. The fair value of restricted stock is measured based upon the closing market price of our common stock as of the date of grant less the present value of expected dividends. The following summarizes the significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of performance shares and related compensation expense as well as the resulting estimated fair value of performance shares granted:

· · · · ·	2012	2011
Risk-free interest rate	0.38%	1.40%
Expected life, in years	3	3.
Expected volatility	20.2% to 34.2%	25.6% to 47.0%
Dividend yield	4.1%	4.9%

The risk-free interest rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield of a three-year bond at the time of grant. The expected term of the performance shares is three years based on the performance cycle. Expected volatility was based on the historical volatility for the peer group. Both performance goals are measured over the three-year vesting period and are charged to compensation expense over the vesting period based on the number of shares expected to vest.

A summary of nonvested shares as of and changes during the year ended December 31, 2012, are as follows:

	Performance Share Awards		Restricted S	Stock Awards
-	Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Beginning:nonvested:grants	204,713	\$ 20:07	.2,000	\$
Granted	86,546	25.18	2,500	35.78
Wested	(100,723)	19.66	(3,500)	33.01
Forfeited	(3,781)	20.96	. —	
Remaining nonvested grants	186,755	\$.22:64	1;000	\$

We recognized compensation expense of \$2.8 million and \$2.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and a related income tax benefit of \$0.4 million and \$1.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of December 31, 2012, we had \$2.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the nonvested portion of outstanding awards, which is reflected as other paid-in capital in our Balance Sheets. The cost is expected to be recognized over a

weighted-average period of 2.2 years. The total fair value of shares vested was \$2.0 million and \$2.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Retirement/Retention Restricted Share Awards

and the second

In December 2011, an executive retirement / retention program was established that provides for the annual grant of restricted share units. These awards are subject to a five-year performance and vesting period. The performance measure for these awards requires net income for the calendar year of at least three of the five full calendar years during the performance period to exceed net income for the calendar year the awards are granted. Once vested, the awards will be paid out in shares of common stock in five equal annual installments after a recipient has separated from service. The fair value of these awards is measured based upon the closing market price of our common stock as of the date of grant less the present value of expected dividends.

A summary of nonvested shares as of and changes during the year ended December 31, 2012, are as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Beginning:nonvested;grants	8,596	\$2000
Granted	8,941	27.42
Wested	18. 19. 2000 - 19. 19. <u>19.</u> 19.	
Forfeited		
Remaining nonvested grants	17,537	B

Director's Deferred Compensation

Nonemployee directors may elect to defer up to 100% of any qualified compensation that would be otherwise payable to him or her, subject to compliance with our 2005 Deferred Compensation Plan for Nonemployee Directors and Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. The deferred compensation may be invested in NorthWestern stock or in designated investment funds. Compensation deferred in a particular month is recorded as a deferred stock unit (DSU) on the first of the following month based on the closing price of NorthWestern stock or the designated investment fund. The DSUs are marked-to-market on a quarterly basis with an adjustment to director's compensation expense. Based on the election of the nonemployee director, following separation from service on the Board, other than on account of death, he or she shall be paid a distribution either in a lump sum or in approximately equal installments over a designated number of years (not to exceed 10 years). During the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, DSUs issued to members of our Board totaled 31,801 and 31,032, respectively. Total compensation expense attributable to the DSUs during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was approximately \$0.9 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

(19) Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with the provisions of ASC 980, as discussed in Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies. Pursuant to this guidance, certain expenses and credits, normally reflected in income as incurred, are deferred and recognized when included in rates and recovered from or refunded to the customers. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded based on management's assessment that it is probable that a cost will be recovered or that an obligation has been incurred. Accordingly, we have recorded the following major classifications of regulatory assets and liabilities that will be recognized in expenses and revenues in future periods when the matching revenues are collected or refunded. The remaining regulatory items have corresponding assets and liabilities that will be paid for or refunded in future periods. Because these costs are recovered as paid, they do not earn a return. We have specific orders to cover approximately 98% of our regulatory assets and 100% of our regulatory liabilities.

		Note	Remaining Amortization		· • • •
		Reference	Period	Decemb	er 31,
				.2012	2011
[1] A. B. M. Martin, A. M. Martin, J.			and the second second	(in thou	sands)
Pension ****		17	Undetermined \$	143,672	\$ 128,844
Employee related benefits	S	17	Undetermined	20,911	21,527
Distribution infrastructure	eprojects		5 Years	15,679	4,883
Environmental clean-up		20	Various	16,497	16,998
Energy supply derivatives	5		1 Year		20,312
Income taxes		14	Plant Lives	162,154	124,967
Other			Various	18,146	12,344
Total regulatory assets	5		.	382,487	\$ 329,875
Gas storage sales			27 Years \$	1.1,251	\$ 11,672
Unbilledirevenue			l Year	12,030	10,597
Environmental clean-up			1 Year	1,482	1,733
State & local taxes & fees			1 Year	537	2,578
Other		,	Various	2,272	1,772
Total regulatory liabili	ties		<u>s</u>	27,572	\$28,352

Pension and Employee Related Benefits

We recognize the unfunded portion of plan benefit obligations in the Balance Sheets, which is remeasured at each year end, with a corresponding adjustment to regulatory assets/liabilities as the costs associated with these plans are recovered in rates. The portion of the regulatory asset related to our Montana pension plan will amortize as cash funding amounts exceed accrual expense under GAAP. The SDPUC allows recovery of pension costs on an accrual basis. The MPSC allows recovery of postretirement benefit costs on an accrual basis. The MPSC allows recovery of other employee related benefits on a cash basis.

Montana Distribution System Infrastructure Project (DSIP)

We have an accounting order to defer certain incremental operating and maintenance expenses associated with DSIP. Pursuant to the order, we have deferred expenses incurred during 2011 and 2012 as a regulatory asset associated with the phase-in portion of the DSIP. These costs will be amortized into expense over five years beginning in 2013.

Energy Supply Derivatives

To manage our exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices we routinely enter into derivative contracts. Certain contracts for the purchase of natural gas associated with our gas utility operations do not qualify for NPNS. We use the mark-to-market method of accounting for these derivative contracts as we do not elect hedge accounting. Upon settlement of these contracts, associated proceeds or costs are refunded to or collected from our customers consistent with regulatory requirements; therefore, we record a regulatory asset or liability based on changes in market value.

Environmental clean-up

Environmental clean-up costs are the estimated costs of investigating and cleaning up contaminated sites we own. We discuss the specific sites and clean-up requirements further in Note 20 - Commitments and Contingencies. Environmental clean-up costs are typically recoverable in customer rates when they are actually incurred. We record changes in the regulatory asset consistent with changes in our environmental liabilities. When cost projections become known and measurable, we coordinate with the appropriate regulatory authority to determine a recovery period.

Income Taxes

Tax assets primarily reflect the effects of plant related temporary differences such as flow-through of depreciation, repairs related deductions, removal costs, capitalized interest and contributions in aid of construction that we will recover or refund in future rates. We amortize these amounts as temporary differences reverse.

Unbilled Revenue

In accordance with regulatory guidance in South Dakota, we recognize revenue when it is billed. Accordingly, we record a regulatory liability to offset unbilled revenue.

State & Local Taxes & Fees (Montana Property Tax Tracker)

Under Montana law, we are allowed to track the increases in the actual level of state and local taxes and fees and recover these amounts. The MPSC has authorized recovery in the property tax tracker of approximately 60% of the estimated increase in our local taxes and fees (primarily property taxes) as compared to the related amount included in rates during our last general rate case.

Gas Storage Sales

A regulatory liability was established in 2000 and 2001 based on gains on cushion gas sales in Montana. This gain is being flowed to customers over a period that matches the depreciable life of surface facilities that were added to maintain deliverability from the field after the withdrawal of the gas. This regulatory liability is a reduction of rate base.

(20) Commitments and Contingencies

Qualifying Facilities Liability

Our QF liability primarily consists of unrecoverable costs associated with three contracts covered under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act. The QFs require us to purchase minimum amounts of energy at prices ranging from \$71 to \$136 per MWH through 2029. Our estimated gross contractual obligation related to the QFs is approximately \$1.1 billion through 2029. A portion of the costs incurred to purchase this energy is recoverable through rates, totaling approximately \$0.9 billion through 2029. The present value of the remaining QF liability is recorded in our Balance Sheets as a regulatory disallowance liability pursuant to ASC 980. The following summarizes the change in the QF liability (in thousands):

	Decemb	oer 31,
	2012	2011
Beginning QF liability	\$ 184,187	\$ 177,322
Gain on CELP arbitration decision	(47,894)	
Unrecovered amount	(12,014)	(6,043)
Interest expense	12,373	12,908
Ending: QF*liability	s .136,652	\$ 1184,1187

See Note 5 – Colstrip Energy Limited Partnership (CELP) for additional discussion related to the adjustment of the QF liability related to the CELP arbitration decision.

The following summarizes the estimated gross contractual obligation less amounts recoverable through rates (in thousands):

	Gross Obligation	Recoverable Amounts	Net
2013	64,223	\$ 55,462 \$	8,761
2014	67,283	56,025	11,258
2015	69;606	.56,598	13,008
2016	71,598	57,188	14,410
2017	73,622	57,789	15 ;8 33
Thereafter	800,262	625,616	174,646
Total	1,146,594	\$ 908,678 \$	237,916

Long Term Supply and Capacity Purchase Obligations

We have entered into various commitments, largely purchased power, coal and natural gas supply and natural gas transportation contracts. These commitments range from one to 25 years. Costs incurred under these contracts were approximately \$340.8 million and \$390.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of December 31, 2012, our commitments under these contracts are \$293.6 million in 2013, \$192.5 million in 2014, \$117.5 million in 2015, \$117.3 million in 2016, \$103.6 million in 2017, and \$737.8 million thereafter. These commitments are not reflected in our Financial Statements.

Environmental Liabilities

The operation of electric generating, transmission and distribution facilities, and gas gathering, transportation and distribution facilities, along with the development (involving site selection, environmental assessments, and permitting) and construction of these assets, are subject to extensive federal, state, and local environmental and land use laws and regulations. Our activities involve compliance with diverse laws and regulations that address emissions and impacts to the environment, including air and water, protection of natural resources, avian and wildlife. We monitor federal, state, and local environmental initiatives to determine potential impacts on our financial results. As new laws or regulations are implemented, our policy is to assess their applicability and implement the necessary modifications to our facilities or their operation to maintain ongoing compliance.

Our environmental exposure includes a number of components, including remediation expenses related to the cleanup of current or former properties, and costs to comply with changing environmental regulations related to our operations. At present, the majority of our environmental reserve relates to the remediation of former manufactured gas plant sites owned by us. We use a combination of site investigations and monitoring to formulate an estimate of environmental remediation costs for specific sites. Our monitoring procedures and development of actual remediation plans depend not only on site specific information but also on coordination with the different environmental regulatory agencies in our respective jurisdictions; therefore, while remediation exposure exists, it may be many years before costs become fixed and reliably determinable.

Our liability for environmental remediation obligations is estimated to range between \$28.3 million to \$36.4 million, primarily for manufactured gas plants discussed below. As of December 31, 2012, we have a reserve of approximately \$31.5 million, which has not been discounted. Environmental costs are recorded when it is probable we are liable for the remediation and we can reasonably estimate the liability. Over time, as specific laws are implemented and we gain experience in operating under them, a portion of the costs related to such laws will become determinable, and we may seek authorization to recover such costs in rates or seek insurance reimbursement as applicable; therefore, although we cannot guarantee regulatory recovery, we do not expect these costs to have a material effect on our financial position or ongoing operations.

Manufactured Gas Plants - Approximately \$26.2 million of our environmental reserve accrual is related to manufactured gas plants. A formerly operated manufactured gas plant located in Aberdeen, South Dakota, has been identified on the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System list as contaminated with coal tar residue. We are currently conducting remedial actions at the Aberdeen site pursuant to work plans approved by the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR). Our current reserve for remediation costs at this site is approximately \$12.4 million, and we estimate that approximately \$8.8 million of this amount will be incurred during the next five years.

We also own sites in North Platte, Kearney and Grand Island, Nebraska on which former manufactured gas facilities were located. During 2005, the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) conducted Phase II investigations of soil and groundwater at our Kearney and Grand Island sites. During 2006, the NDEQ released to us the Phase II Limited Subsurface Assessments performed by the NDEQ's environmental consulting firm for Kearney and Grand Island. In February 2011, NDEQ completed an Abbreviated Preliminary Assessment and Site Investigation Report for Grand Island, which recommended additional ground water testing. In April of 2012, we received a letter from NDEQ regarding a recently completed Vapor Intrusion Assessment Report and an invitation to join NDEQ's Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP). We declined NDEQ's offer to join its VCP at this time and also committed to conducting a limited soil vapor investigation. We will work independently to fully characterize the nature and extent of impacts associated with the former MGP. After the site has been fully characterized, we will discuss the possibility of joining NDEQ's VCP. Our reserve estimate includes assumptions for additional ground water testing. At present, we cannot determine with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of any risk-based remedial action at our Nebraska locations.

In addition, we own or have responsibility for sites in Butte, Missoula and Helena, Montana on which former manufactured gas plants were located. An investigation conducted at the Missoula site did not require remediation activities, but required preparation of a groundwater monitoring plan. The Butte and Helena sites were placed into the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) voluntary remediation program for cleanup due to excess regulated pollutants in the groundwater. Voluntary soil and coal tar removals were conducted in the past at the Butte and Helena locations in accordance with MDEQ requirements. We have conducted additional groundwater monitoring at the Butte and Missoula sites and, at this time, we believe natural attenuation should address the conditions at these sites; however, additional groundwater monitoring will be necessary. Monitoring of groundwater at the Helena site is ongoing and will be necessary for an extended period of time. At this time, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the nature and timing of risk-based remedial action at the Helena site or if any additional actions beyond monitored natural attenuation will be required.

Global Climate Change - There are national and international efforts to adopt measures related to global climate change and the contribution of emissions of greenhouse gases (GHG) including, most significantly, carbon dioxide. These efforts include legislative proposals and EPA regulations at the federal level, actions at the state level, and private party litigation relating to GHG emissions. Coal-fired plants have come under particular scrutiny due to their level of GHG emissions. We have joint ownership interests in four electric generating plants, all of which are coal fired and operated by other companies. We have undivided interests in these facilities and are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated.

While numerous bills have been introduced that address climate change from different perspectives, including through direct regulation of GHG emissions, the establishment of cap and trade programs and the establishment of Federal renewable portfolio standards, Congress has not passed any federal climate change legislation and we cannot predict the timing or form of any potential legislation. In the absence of such legislation, the EPA is regulating GHG emissions under its existing authority pursuant to the Clean Air Act. For example, EPA regulations now require that major sources in the United States annually report information regarding, and obtain certain permits for, their GHG emissions.

In March 2012, the EPA proposed New Source Performance Standards that would limit carbon dioxide emissions from new electric generating units (EGUs). The proposed limits would not apply to existing or reconstructed EGUs. The proposed rule was part of an agreement to settle litigation brought by states, municipalities and environmental groups. The EPA accepted comments on the proposed standards through the end of June 2012. The EPA currently estimates that the final standards will be issued in March 2013.

On June 20, 2011, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a decision that bars state and private parties from bringing federal common law nuisance actions against electrical utility companies based on their alleged contribution to climate change. The Supreme Court's decision did not, however, address state law claims. This decision is expected to affect other pending federal climate change litigation. In addition, on June 26, 2012 a federal court issued a ruling affirming several of the EPA's greenhouse gas rules, which had been challenged by industry petitioners and certain states. Although we are not a party to any of these proceedings, additional litigation in federal and state courts over these issues is continuing.

Physical impacts of climate change may present potential risks for severe weather, such as floods and tornadoes, in the locations where we operate or have interests. Furthermore, requirements to reduce GHG emissions from stationary sources could cause us to incur material costs of compliance, increase our costs of procuring electricity in the marketplace or curtail the demand for fossil fuels

such as oil and gas. In addition, we believe future legislation and regulations that affect GHG emissions from power plants are likely, although technology to efficiently capture, remove and/or sequester such emissions may not be available within a timeframe consistent with the implementation of such requirements. We cannot predict with any certainty whether these risks will have a material impact on our operations.

Coal Combustion Residuals (CCRs) - In June 2010, the EPA proposed two approaches to regulating the disposal and management of CCRs under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). CCRs include fly ash, bottom ash and scrubber wastes. Under one approach, the EPA would regulate CCRs as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of RCRA. This approach would have significant impacts on coal-fired plants, and would require plants to retrofit their operations to comply with hazardous waste requirements from the generation of CCRs and associated waste waters through transportation and disposal. This could also have a negative impact on the beneficial use of CCRs and the current markets associated with such use. The second approach would regulate CCRs as a solid waste under Subtitle D of RCRA. This approach would only affect disposal, most significantly any wet disposal, of CCRs. The EPA has not yet issued a final CCR rule; however, litigation has commenced to require them to do so. In addition, legislation was introduced in Congress to regulate coal ash in the absence of EPA action. We cannot predict at this time the final requirements of any CCR regulations or legislation and what impact, if any, they would have on us, but the costs of complying with any such requirements could be significant.

Water Intakes - Section 316(b) of the Federal Clean Water Act requires that the location, design, construction and capacity of any cooling water intake structure reflect the "best available technology" for minimizing environmental impacts. Permits required for existing facilities are to be developed by the individual states using their best professional judgment until the EPA takes action to address several court decisions that rejected portions of previous rules and confirmed that the EPA has discretion to consider costs relative to benefits in developing cooling water intake structure regulations. In March 2011, the EPA proposed a rule to address impingement and entrainment of aquatic organisms at existing cooling water intake structures. The EPA is under a consent decree to issue a final rule by June 2013. When a final rule is issued and implemented, additional capital and/or increased operating costs may be incurred. The costs of complying with any such final water intake standards are not currently determinable, but could be significant.

Clean Air Act Rules and Associated Emission Control Equipment Expenditures

The EPA has proposed or issued a number of rules under different provisions of the Clean Air Act that could require the installation of emission control equipment at the generation plants where we have joint ownership.

The Clean Air Visibility Rule was issued by the EPA in June 2005, to address regional haze in national parks and wilderness areas across the United States. The Clean Air Visibility Rule requires the installation and operation of Best Available Retrofit Technology (BART) to achieve emissions reductions from designated sources (including certain electric generating units) that are deemed to cause or contribute to visibility impairment in such 'Class I' areas.

In December 2011, the EPA issued a final rule relating to Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS), which was formerly the proposed Maximum Achievable Control Technology standards for hazardous air pollutant emissions from new and existing electric generating units. Among other things, these MATS standards set stringent emission limits for acid gases, mercury, and other hazardous air pollutants. Facilities that are subject to the MATS must come into compliance within three years after the effective date of the rule (or by 2015) unless a one year extension is granted on a case-by-case basis. This compliance deadline has been delayed for new power plants pending the EPA's reconsideration of certain MATS emission limits for these sources, which the EPA expects to finalize in March 2013. Numerous challenges to the MATS standards have been filed with the EPA and in Federal court and we cannot predict the outcome of such challenges.

On July 7, 2011, the EPA finalized the Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) to reduce emissions from electric generating units that interfere with the ability of downwind states to achieve ambient air quality standards. Under CSAPR, significant reductions in emissions of nitrogen oxide (NOx) and sulfur dioxide (SO2) were to be required beginning in 2012. After having issued a stay of CSAPR earlier this year, however, a Federal court found that CSAPR violated federal law and ordered that it be vacated. The Clean Air Interstate Rule remains in effect until the EPA issues a valid replacement. It is unknown whether the EPA will petition the Supreme Court to review the Federal court's ruling.

We have joint ownership in generation plants located in South Dakota, North Dakota, Iowa and Montana that are or may become subject to various regulations that have been issued or proposed under the Clean Air Act, as discussed below.

South Dakota. The South Dakota DENR determined that the Big Stone Plant, of which we have a 23.4% ownership, is subject to the BART requirements of the Regional Haze Rule. South Dakota DENR's State Implementation Plan (SIP) was approved by the EPA in May 2012. Under the SIP, the Big Stone plant must install and operate a new BART compliant air quality control system (AQCS) to reduce SO2, NOx and particulate emissions as expeditiously as practicable, but no later than five years after the EPA's approval of the SIP. The current project cost for the AQCS is estimated to be approximately \$490 million (our share is 23.4%) and it is expected to be operational by 2016.

Our incremental capital expenditure projections include amounts related to our share of the BART technologies at Big Stone based on current estimates. We could, however, face additional capital or financing costs. We will seek to recover any such costs through the regulatory process. The SDPUC has historically allowed timely recovery of the costs of environmental improvements; however, there is no precedent on a project of this size.

Based on the finalized MATS standards, it appears that Big Stone would meet the requirements by installing the AQCS system and using mercury control technology such as activated carbon injection. Mercury emissions monitoring equipment is already installed at Big Stone, but its operation has been put on hold pending additional regulatory direction. The equipment will need to be reevaluated for operability under the final rule.

North Dakota. The North Dakota Regional Haze SIP requires the Coyote generating facility, of which we have 10.0% ownership, to reduce its NOx emissions. Coyote must install control equipment to limit its NOx emissions to 0.5 pounds per million Btu as calculated on a 30-day rolling average basis, including periods of start-up and shutdown, beginning on July 1, 2018. The current estimate of the total cost of the project is approximately \$6 million (our share is 10.0%).

Based on the finalized MATS standards, it appears that Coyote would meet the requirements by using mercury control technology such as activated carbon injection.

Iowa. The Neal 4 generating facility, of which we have an 8.7% ownership, is installing a scrubber, a baghouse, activated carbon and a selective non-catalytic reduction system to comply with national ambient air quality standards and MATS standards. These improvements are also expected to result in compliance with the regional haze provisions of the Clean Air Act. Capital expenditures for such equipment are currently estimated to be approximately \$270 million (our share is 8.7%). The plant began incurring such costs in 2011 and the project is expected to be complete in 2013.

Montana. Colstrip Unit 4, a coal fired generating facility in which we have a 30% interest, is currently controlling emissions of mercury under regulations issued by the State of Montana, which are more strict than the Federal MATS standard. The owners do not believe additional equipment will be necessary to meet the MATS standards for mercury, and anticipate meeting all other expected MATS emissions limitations required by the rule without additional costs except those costs related to increased monitoring frequency. These additional costs are not expected to be significant.

In September 2012, a final Federal Implementation Plan for Montana was published in the Federal Register to address regional haze. As finalized, Colstrip Unit 4 does not have to improve removal efficiency for pollutants that contribute to regional haze. The plan is reviewed every five years and Colstrip Unit 4 could be impacted during a subsequent review period.

See 'Legal Proceedings - Notice of Intent to Sue Colstrip Owners' below for discussion of potential Sierra Club litigation.

Other - We continue to manage equipment containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) oil in accordance with the EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act regulations. We will continue to use certain PCB-contaminated equipment for its remaining useful life and will, thereafter, dispose of the equipment according to pertinent regulations that govern the use and disposal of such equipment.

We routinely engage the services of a third-party environmental consulting firm to assist in performing a comprehensive evaluation of our environmental reserve. Based upon information available at this time, we believe that the current environmental reserve properly reflects our remediation exposure for the sites currently and previously owned by us. The portion of our environmental reserve applicable to site remediation may be subject to change as a result of the following uncertainties:

- We may not know all sites for which we are alleged or will be found to be responsible for remediation; and
- Absent performance of certain testing at sites where we have been identified as responsible for remediation, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the total costs of remediation.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Colstrip Litigation

On July 25, 2012, the Sierra Club and the Montana Environmental Information Center (MEIC) served on each of the individual owners of the Colstrip Steam Electric Station (CSES), including us and the owner or managing agent of the station, a notice of intent to sue for alleged violations of the federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq. Since serving the initial notice of intent to sue, the Sierra Club and MEIC have revised it three times.

On March 6, 2013, the Sierra Club and the MEIC (Plaintiffs) filed suit in the United States District Court for the District of Montana against the individual owners of the CSES, including us, and the operator or managing agent of the station. Plaintiffs' complaint, which includes 39 claims for relief, alleges violations of the Clean Air Act and seeks injunctive and declaratory relief, civil penalties, imposition of a beneficial environmental project, and recovery of their attorney fees. Plaintiffs have identified physical changes made at the CSES between 1992 and 2012, which they allege have increased emissions of SO2, NOx and particulate matter and were "major modifications" subject to permitting requirements under the Clean Air Act. They also have alleged violations of the requirements related to Part 70 Operating Permits, as well as provisions in the Montana State Implementation Plan regulating the opacity of emissions. We intend to vigorously defend this lawsuit. Due to the preliminary nature of the lawsuit, at this time, we cannot predict or determine the outcome of the lawsuit, nor is it reasonably possible to estimate the amount of loss, if any, that would be associated with an adverse decision.

Other Legal Proceedings

We are also subject to various other legal proceedings, governmental audits and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these other actions will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

(21) Common Stock

We have 250,000,000 shares authorized consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock with a \$0.01 par value and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a \$0.01 par value. Of these shares, 2,265,957 shares of common stock are reserved for the incentive plan awards. For further detail of grants under this plan see Note 18 - Stock-Based Compensation.

In February 2012, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC that can be used for the issuance of debt or equity securities. In April 2012, we entered into an Equity Distribution Agreement pursuant to which we may offer and sell shares of our common stock from time to time, having an aggregate gross sales price of up to \$100 million. Through December 31, 2012, we have received net proceeds of approximately \$28.5 million from the sales of 815,416 common shares, after commissions and other fees, under the Distribution Agreement. During the three months ended December 31, 2012, we sold no shares.

Repurchase of Common Stock

Shares tendered by employees to us to satisfy the employees' tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards totaled 22,789 and 2,750 during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are reflected in treasury stock. These shares were credited to treasury stock based on their fair market value on the vesting date.

Sch. 19]				
		This Year	Last Year		
	Account Number & Title	Montana	Montana	% Change	
1	Intangible Plant				
2	2301 Organization	\$12,873	\$12,873	0.00%	
1 3	2302 Franchises and Consents	114,169.	114,169	0.00%	22 Se regard por a line of fight
4	2303 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	1,443,520	1,871,106	-22.85%	
5		1,570,562	1,998,148	-21.40%	
6					i istration in the second s
7			A second second		
8	2325 Gas Leaseholds	23,055,107	9,489,539	100.00%	
9	2330 Well Construction	2,726,027	1,092,770	100.00%	
10	2331 Well Equipment	2,751,933	1,094,453	100.00%	
11	2332 Field Lines	1,627,794	54,640	100.00%	
12	2333 Field Compressor Equipment	682,240	437,100	100.00%	
13	2334 Measuring & Regulating Equip.	634,885	77,640	100.00%	
14		31,477,986	12,246,142	100.00%	
		31,477,900	12,240,142	100.00%	
15	the demonstrated Officers Direct				
16	Underground Storage Plant	4 00 4 000	1 700 007		· · · ·
17	2350 Land and Land Rights	4,804,300	4,786,297	0.38%	
18	2351 Structures and Improvements	3,157,283	3,030,416	4.19%	
19	2352 Wells	7,922,147	7,863,030	0.75%	
20	2353 Lines	12,545,864	12,545,864	0.00%	
21	2354 Compressor Station Equipment	7,321,601	7,311,476	0.14%	
22	2355 Measuring & Regulating Equip.	3,006,774	2,993,930	0.43%	
23	2356 Purification Equipment	397,931	397,931	0.00%	
24	2357 Other Equipment	889,291	873,927	1.76%	
25	Total Underground Storage Plant	40,045,191	39,802,871	0.61%	
26					
27	Transmission Plant				
28	2365 Rights of Way	8,236,975	7,778,230	5.90%	
29	2366 Structures and Improvements	12,804,458	12,017,948	6.54%	
30	2367 Mains	194,620,594	188,967,308	2.99%	•
31	2368 Compressor Station Equipment	22,496,384	21,847,403	2.97%	•
32	2369 Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	16,229,357	15,884,879	2.17%	
33	2370 Communication Equipment		10,00 1,070		
33	2371 Other Equipment	165,972	165,972	0.00%	
1	Total Transmission Plant	254,553,740	246,661,740	3.20%	
35		204,000,740	240,001,740		• · · · ·
36	Distribution Plant			1	
	2374 Land and Land Rights	994,374	004 244	0.000/	·
37	•		904,311	9.96%	· .
38	2375 Structures and Improvements	90,524	90,524	0.00%	
39	2376 Mains	126,947,999	116,982,007	8.52%	
40	2377 Compressor Station Equipment	-	-	-	
41	2378 M&R Station EquipGeneral	3,076,231	2,775,069	10.85%	
42	2379 M&R Station EquipCity Gate	-	-]	-	· .
43	2380 Services	62,619,267	61,307,681	2.14%	
44	2381 Customers Meters and Regulators	59,899,973	58,479,173	2.43%	· .
45	2382 Meter Installations	-]	-	-	
46	2383 House Regulators	- -	[· · · ·
	2384 House Regulator Installations	-	-	-	
	2385 M&R Station EquipIndustrial	97,561	110,489	-11.70%	
	2386 Other Prop. on Customers' Premises	· _	_		
,	2387 Other Equipment	26,216	26,216	0.00%	
	otal Distribution Plant	253,752,145	240,675,470	5.43%	
				01070	

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Sch	. 19	cont.	MONTANA PLANT IN SERVICE - N	ATURAL GAS (IN	CLUDES CMP)	
				This Year	Last Year	
			Account Number & Title	Montana	Montana	% Change
·	1					
1.	2		General Plant		14 S	
(· ·	3	2389	Land and Land Rights	101,675	101,675	0.00%
	4	2390	Structures and Improvements	1,737,254	851,009	104.14%
	5	2391	Office Furniture and Equipment	224,964	207,996	8.16%
	6	2392	Transportation Equipment	9,130,442	8,206,397	11.26%
	. 7	2393	Stores Equipment	28,927	28,927	0.00%
1	8	2394	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	5,200,707	4,643,682	12.00%
	9		Laboratory Equipment	772,009	860,606	-10,29%
	10	2396	Power Operated Equipment	2,912,568	2,549,307	14.25%
	11	2397	Communication Equipment	4,104,535	3,985,396	2.99%
	12	2398	Miscellaneous Equipment	110,582	70,165	57.60%
	13		Other Tangible Property	-	-	
	14		eneral Plant	24,323,663	21,505,160	13.11%
	15	Total G	as Plant in Service	605,723,287	562,889,531	7.61%
	16					
	17	4101	Gas Plant Allocated from Common	29,845,039	27,357,225	9.09%
	18	2105	Gas Plant Held for Future Use	4,900	4,900	0.00%
	19	2107	Gas Construction Work in Progress	6,580,818	6,698,193	-1.75%
	20		Gas in Underground Storage	50,375,320	58,833,414	-14.38%
	21					
	22					
	23	TOTAL	GAS PLANT	\$692,529,364	\$655,783,263	5.60%
	24					
	25		·			
	26		CONSOLIDATED	Decem	ber 31,	
	27		PLANT IN SERVICE	2012	2011	
	28					
		Montan	a Electric	\$ 2,316,701,843	\$ 2,167,521,871	
	30	Yellows	tone National Park	13,592,613	13,176,795	
			a Natural Gas (Includes CMP)	605,723,287	562,889,531	
		Commo	· · · ·	84,766,822	79,977,860	
			nd Propane	1,516,050	1,516,050	
			akota Electric	492,604,252	460,538,538	
-			akota Natural Gas	157,452,886	150,503,744	
			akota Common	44,774,141	39,317,330	
			etirement Obligation	6,376,126	3,910,360	
	<u> </u>	OTAL F		\$ 3,723,508,020	\$ 3,479,352,079	

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Schedule 19A

Sec. 3 (1)

Sch. 20									
		This Year	Last Year	Current					
	Functional Plant Class	Plant Cost	Montana	Montana	Avg. Rate				
	Accumulated Depreciation								
	Production and Gathering	\$12,244,006	\$1,664,705	\$994,606	5.47%				
5	Underground Storage	39,789,744	21,685,496	21,013,783	1.68%				
6 7 8	Other Storage		-						
9 10		245,814,268	93,176,120	89,673,928	1.75%				
11	Distribution	240,516,010	109,806,117	105,207,418	2.63%				
13 14	General and Intangible	23,197,378	12,561,533	11,468,063	7.83%				
15 16	Common	26,452,869	13,344,316	12,219,160	7.58%				
	Total Accum Depreciation	\$588,014,275	\$252,238,287	\$240,576,958	2.45%				
19 20 21									
22	Consolidated	````	Decem						
.23	Accumulated Deprec	iation	2012	2011					
	Montana Electric		\$901,894,297	\$838,458,857					
4	Yellowstone National Park		8,955,866	8,644,902					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	IMP)	238,893,971	228,357,798					
	Common		36,018,027	33,478,642					
1	Townsend Propane	[691,992 254,603,383	648,965					
	30 South Dakota Electric 31 South Dakota Natural Gas			249,041,748 64,714,374					
	South Dakota Common	68,599,519 12,389,577	11,240,646						
	Acquisition Writedown	66,471,868	73,854,295						
	Basin Creek Capital Lease		13,068,062	11,057,582					
1	FIN 47	1	1,252,831	1,092,090					
	CWIP-Capital Retirement Clearing	g l	-4,589,625	-4,550,706					
	Total Consolidated Accum Dep		\$1,598,249,768	\$1,516,039,193					

Sch. 21	MONTANA MATERIALS & SUPPLIES	ASSIGNED & ALL	OCATED) - NATU	JRAL GAS
		This Year	Last Year	% Change
	Account Number & Title	Montana	Montana	
1				,
2	154 Plant Materials & Operating Supplies			The Content of the
3	Assigned and Allocated to:			
4	Operation & Maintenance	-	j . –.	
5	Construction	-	-	-
. 6	Storage Plant	\$137,691	\$96,810	42.23%
7	Transmission Plant	875,257	599,938	45.89%
8	Distribution Plant	1,996,315	1,872,575	6.61%
9		·		
10	Total MT Materials and Supplies	\$3,009,263	\$2,569,323	17.12%
11		-	· ·	
12				
13	Consolidated	Decem	ber 31,	· ·
14	Materials and Supplies	2012	2011	
15				
16	Montana Natural Gas	\$3,009,263	\$2,569,323	
17	Montana Electric	15,692,303	14,376,444	
18	South Dakota	6,813,310	5,462,021	
19				
20	Total Consolidated Materials and Supplies	\$25,514,876	\$22,407,788	

Sch. 22	MONTANA REGULATORY CAPITAL ST	RUCTURE & CO	STS - NATURAL	GAS
		% Capital		Weighted
	Commission Accepted - Most Recent 1/	Structure	% Cost Rate	Cost
1 2 3 4	Docket Number: 2009.9.129 Order Number : 7046h			- ∂ /15. 07.
5 6 7	Common Equity Long Term Debt	48.00% 52.00%	10.25% 5.76%	4.92% 3.00%
	TOTAL	100.00%		7.92%
9 10 11 12	1/ Docket 2009.9.129, Order 7046h specifies the authorized regulated gas utility effective December 9, 2010.	capital structure an	d associated costs	for the
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1 2 3 4	Description Increase/(decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents:		This year	1	1	01 01
3	Increase/(decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents:		This year	_	Last Year	6 Konge
3			· · •		· ·	
F	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					3 1
4	Net Income	` \$	98,406,342	\$	92,555,872	. 6.3
	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:	•				
5	Depreciation		107,677,003		102,754,939	4.7
6	Amortization, Net		(1,676,537	·	(1,872,457)	
7	Other Noncash Charges to Net Income, Net		(40,823,868	'	8,895,186	>-300.0
8	Deferred Income Taxes, Net		65,871,867		59,551,081	10.6
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments, Net		(375,635	· I	(423,561)	11.3
10	Change in Operating Receivables, Net		7,549,047	- F	9,880,617	-23.6
11	Change in Materials, Supplies & Inventories, Net		5,367,735		(8,830,208)	160.7
12	Change in Operating Payables & Accrued Liabilities, Net		21,727,054		(10,725,579)	>300.0
13	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)		(4,846,070)	7	(1,876,583)	-158.24
14	Change in Other Assets & Liabilities, Net		13,109,501		1,734,801	>300.00
15	Other Operating Activities:	1	10.057.000	1	(= 10.00 L)	
16	Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies		10,657,063		(510,094)	>300.00
17	Change in Regulatory Assets		(34,461,811)		(29,541,321)	-16.66
18	Change in Regulatory Liabilities	<u> </u>	(780,115)		5,587,054	
19	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		247,401,576		227,179,747	8.90
	Cash Inflows/Outflows From Investment Activities:					
	Construction/Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(3	322,474,752)	(188,730,360)	-70.87
22	(Net of AFUDC)		004 700	· ·		0.5.0/
	Proceeds from Sale of Assets		261,793		209,396	25.02
24	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(3	322,212,959)	<u>(1</u>	188,520,964)	-70.92
	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
í	Proceeds from Issuance of:]		
27	Issuance of Long-Term Debt	1	50,000,000		-	100.00
28	Credit Facilities Borrowings	ļ	-		80,000,000	-100.00
29	issuance of Short Term Borrowings, Net		-	1	66,933,493	-100.00
30	Proceeds From Issuance of Common Stock, Net		28,477,203		-	100.00
	Payments for Retirement of:					
32	Credit Facilities Repayments			(2	33,000,000)	100.00
33	Capital Lease Obligations, Net		(153,358)		(11,079)	>-300.00
34	Repayments of Short Term Borrowings, Net	•	43,999,590)	,	-	100.00
	Dividends on Common Stock	(54,245,888)	(51,909,137)	-4,50
	Other Financing Activities:		(0.40, 04.4)	•••	(4 400 557)	40.50
37	Debt Financing Costs		(943,014)		(1,130,557)	16.59
38	Treasury Stock Activity		(429,673)		154,223	>-300.00
39	Net Cash Provided by/(Used in) Financing Activities		78,705,680	(38,963,057)	>300.00
	et Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,894,297		(304,274)	>300.00
	ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,927,817	<u></u>	6,232,091	-4.88
——	ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	9,822,114	\$	5,927,817	65.70
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46 method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian Montana

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47 Pipeline Corporation.48

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4			MONT	ANA LONG TERM D	DEBT 1/	Outstanding		Annual	
		Issue	Maturity	Principal	Net	Outstanding Per Balance	Yield to	Annual Net Cost	Total
	Description	Date	Date	Amount	Proceeds	Sheet		Inc. Prem./Disc.	Cost %
1									1.
2	First Mortgage Bonds								
3 6.34%	Series, Due 2019	03/26/09	04/01/19	\$250,000,000	\$247,657,313	\$249,895,312	6.340%	\$16,514,170	6.6
4 5.71%	Series, Due 2039	10/15/09	10/15/39	55,000,000	54,450,000	55,000,000	5.710%	3,158,845	5.74
5 6.04%	Series, Due 2016	09/13/06	09/01/16	150,000,000	148,302,298	149,973,050	6.040%	9,308,114	6.2 ⁻
6 5.01%	Series, Due 2025	05/27/10	05/01/25	161,000,000	160,075,635				5.33
	Series, Due 2042	08/10/12	08/10/42	60,000,000	59,623,329				4.17
	6 Series, Due 2052	08/10/12	08/10/52	40,000,000	39,748,886				4.32
	irst Mortgage Bonds			\$716,000,000	\$709,857,461	\$715,868,362		\$41,795,813	5.84
0									
11	Pollution Control Bonds						· .		1
	Series, Due 2023	04/27/06	08/01/23	\$170,205,000	\$164,451,956	\$170,205,000	4.650%	\$8,467,855	4.9
13	allution Control Develo			#470 005 000	#404 4F4 0F0	\$470.005.000	ļ	#0 (07 055	
4 Total P	collution Control Bonds			\$170,205,000	\$164,451,956	\$170,205,000		\$8,467,855	4.9
	LONG TERM DEBT		·····	\$886,205,000	\$874,309,417	\$886,073,362		\$50,263,668	5.6
7			. <u>I:</u>	<i>\$555,200,000</i>		1 4000,010,002	<u> </u>	1 \$00,200,000	0.0
18									1 1.
	hedule does not reflect capital leases,	which are cor	nprixed of Fle	eet Leases and the	Basin Creek contr	act. These amo	ounts total \$	256,158 and	
	2,917,879, respectively.	•	•			4			•
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TTE IN STREET
Sch. 25										
	Series	Issue Date Mo./Yr.	Shares	Par Value	Call <u>Price</u>	Net Proceeds	Cost of Money	Principal Outstanding	Annual Cost	Embed. Cost %
3	NOT APPLICABLE									
5 6 7 8 9 10										
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17							-			
15 16 17 18 19										
18 19 20 · 21 22 23 24 25 26 27										
25 26 27 28 29										
30 31	TOTAL					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Outstanding Per Share Per Share Retention Market Price Ea	Price/ arnings Ratio
Outstanding Per Share Per Share Retention Market Price Ea 1	arnings
1/ Share (Declared) Ratio High Low 1 2 3 January 36,281,644 \$24.01 \$36.39 \$34.36 4 5 February 36,345,920 24.28 \$35.93 34,63 6 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 \$0.88 \$0.37 36.05 33.72	
1 2 3 January 36,281,644 \$24.01 4 5 February 36,345,920 24.28 6 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.63 8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72	Ratio
3 January 36,281,644 \$24.01 \$36.39 \$34.36 4 - - - - 35.93 34.63 5 February 36,345,920 24.28 35.93 34,63 6 - - - 35.82 34.22 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 - - - - - 36.05 33.72 10 - - - - - - - -	
3 January 36,281,644 \$24.01 \$36.39 \$34.36 4 - - - - 35.93 34.63 5 February 36,345,920 24.28 35.93 34,63 6 - - - 35.82 34.22 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 - - - - - 36.05 33.72 10 - - - - - - - -	
4 5 February 36,345,920 24.28 35.93 34,63 6 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72	
5 February 36,345,920 24.28 35.93 34,63 6	
6 7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72 10 36 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72	
7 March 36,385,268 24.18 \$0.88 \$0.37 35.82 34.22 8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72	
8 9 April 36,390,258 24.31 36.05 33.72	
10	
11 May 36,783,569 24,45 35,85 34,47	·
	1
13 June 37,081,672 24.30 0.31 0.37 37.05 34.80	
14 15 July 37,202,374 24.50 37.96 36.08	
16 37.202,014 24.00 37.20 37.30 30.00	
17 August 37,205,154 24.73 37.35 35.66	
18	
19 September 37,214,807 23.88 (0.10) 0.37 37.65 35.44	
20	
21 October 37,215,556 24.96 36.70 34.91	
23 November 37,219,313 25.25 36.09 32.98 24 36.09 32.98 32.98	
24 25 December 37,221,344 25.09 1.58 0.37 35.73 33.98	
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28	
29	
30 1/ Monthly shares are actual shares outstanding at month-end. Total year-end shares are average	ļ
31 shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2012.	
32	
33 34	1
34 35	
36	

Sch. 27	MONTANA EARNED RATE	OF RETURN - GA	S	· · · · · · ·
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change
/	Rate Base			
.2		\$600,885,145	\$574,337,263	4.62%
3		(247,211,361)	(235,904,266)	-4.79%
. 4			(200,00-1,200)	4.7070
. 5		\$353,673,784	\$338,432,997	4.50%
6			· · · ·	
7	154, 156 Materials & Supplies	\$4,895,685	\$4,271,137	14.62%
8		φ+,000,000	Ψτ, ΖΤΙ, ΙΟΤ	14.0270
9		59,820,170	F0 706 070	12 200/
		59,620,170	52,796,273	13.30%
10 11		0C4 745 055	\$57.007.410	13.40%
		\$64,715,855	\$57,067,410	13.40%
12		#00.070.0F4	#00.004.400 ¹	44.000/
13		\$32,973,851	\$22,861,483	44.23%
14		8,920,545	9,235,113	-3.41%
15				
16		28,354,267	40,693,241	-30.32%
17				
18	Total Deductions	\$70,248,663	\$72,789,837	-3.49%
19	Total Rate Base	\$348,140,976	\$322,710,570	7.88%
20	Adjusted Rate Base	\$348,140,976	\$322,710,570	7.88%
	Net Earnings	\$16,829,221	\$16,582,911	1.49%
22	Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	4.834%	5.139%	-5.93%
	Rate of Return on Average Equity 2/	4.581%	5.109%	-10.33%
24				
25	Major Normalizing and			
26	Commission Ratemaking Adjustments		•	
27	Rate Schedule Revenues	\$2,852,044	(\$2,426,058)	217.56%
				1
28	Funding Trust Regulatory Liability	1,140,101	804,935	41.64%
29				
30	Non-Allowables:		101000	
31	Advertising	114,323	104,202	9.71%
32	Dues, Contributions, Other	32,400	24,389	32.85%
33				
34	Associated Income Taxes 3/	(377,507)	1,584,312	102 000/1
1	=	()	1,004,012	-123.83%
35				
36	Total Adjustments	\$3,761,361	\$91,780.>	300.00%
36				
36	Total Adjustments	\$3,761,361	\$91,780.>	300.00%
36 37	Total Adjustments	\$3,761,361	\$91,780.>	300.00%
36 37 38 39	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582	\$91,780.> \$16,674,691	300.00% 23.48%
36 37 38 39 40	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings	\$3,761,361	\$91,780.>	300.00%
36 37 38 39 40 41	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> /	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881)	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254)	300.00% 23.48% 3.57%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117%	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366%	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> /	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290%	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699%	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset that	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290%	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699%	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> /	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290%	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699%	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset the If efferred taxes.	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulat	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset that	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulat	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86%
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset that Beferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure approximation	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulat	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset the deferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure approximate an interest synchronization of the capital structure approximate and the capital structure approximate an interest synchronization of the capital structure approximate and the capit	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulat	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset that Beferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure approximation	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulat	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset the deferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure and apital structure in Docket No. D2009.9.129.	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulate to the accumulate to D2009.9.129.	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset the deferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure approximate an interest synchronization of the capital structure approximate and the capital structure approximate an interest synchronization of the capital structure approximate and the capital structure approximate an interest synchronital structure approximate an interest syn	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulate to the accumulate to D2009.9.129.	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Total Adjustments Revised Net Earnings Rate Base Adjustment Stipulation with MCC <u>4</u> / Revised Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Rate Base Adjusted Rate of Return on Average Equity <u>2</u> / 1/ Other additions includes a FAS 109 Regulatory Asset the deferred taxes. 2/ Return on Equity calculated using the capital structure and apital structure in Docket No. D2009.9.129.	\$3,761,361 \$20,590,582 (\$11,524,881) \$336,616,095 6.117% 6.290% at provides an offse	\$91,780 > \$16,674,691 (\$11,951,254) \$310,759,316 5.366% 4.699% t to the accumulate to the accumulate to D2009.9.129.	300.00% 23.48% 3.57% 8.32% 14.00% 33.86% ed

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. 27 cont. Description		This Year	Last Year	% Change
1				
2 Detail - Other Add	itions		5. 	
3 FAS 109 Regulatory Asse		\$24,770,424	\$17,488,417	41.64%
4 Gas Stored Underground		32,096,313	32,096,313	0.00%
5 Cost of Refinancing Debt		2,953,433	3,211,543	-8.04%
6		2,000,400	0,211,040 -	0.047
7	•			
8 Total Other Additions		\$59,820,170	\$52,796,273	13.30%
9				
10 Detail - Other Dedu	ctions			
11 Personal Injury and Prope		\$1,870,308	\$1,288,389	45.17%
12 Storage Gas Sales 2000 &		11,461,365	11,881,881	-3.54%
13 Gross Cash Requirements		11,087,961	10,400,801	6.61%
14 Bond Refinancing CTC - C		940,181	4,091,343	-77.02%
15 Bond Refinancing CTC - F		2,994,452	13,030,827	-77.02%
16 MPSC/MCC Taxes				-
17				
18 Total Other Deductions		\$28,354,267	\$40,693,241	-30.32%
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
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Schedule 27A

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Sch.	28	MONTANA COMPOSITE STATISTICS - NATURAL GAS (INCLUDES CMP)							
		Description	Amount						
	1								
	2								
	З								
	4		\$ 635,568,326						
	5	105 Plant Held for Future Use	4,900						
	6	107 Construction Work in Progress	6,580,818						
	7	117 Gas in Underground Storage	50,375,320						
	· 8	151-163 Materials & Supplies	3,009,263						
	9	(Less):							
	10	108, 111 Depreciation & Amortization Reserves	252,238,287						
	11	252 Contributions in Aid of Construction	8,018,532						
· •	12	NET BOOK COSTS	435,281,808						
	13								
	14	Revenues & Expenses							
	15								
	16	400 Operating Revenues	182,900,425						
	17								
	18	Total Operating Revenues	182,900,425						
	19								
	20	401-402 Other Operating Expenses (including regulatory amortizations)	126,676,020						
	21	403-407 Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	15,795,391						
	22	408.1 Taxes Other than Income Taxes	25,563,041						
	23	409-411 Federal & State Income Taxes	(1,963,248)						
	24								
	25	Total Operating Expenses	166,071,204						
	.26	Net Operating Income	16,829,221						
	27								
	28	415-421.1 Other Income	2,096,347						
		421.2-426.5 Other Deductions	359,082						
	30	NET INCOME BEFORE INTEREST EXPENSE	\$ 18,566,486						
	31								
	32	Average Customers (Intrastate Only)							
	33	Residential	159,437						
	34	Commercial	22,330						
	35	Industrial	271						
	36	Other (including interdepartmental)	154						
	fer-	TOTAL AVERAGE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS	182,192						
	38								
	39	Other Statistics (Intrastate Only)							
	40	Average Annual Residential Use (Dkt)	74.2						
	41	Average Annual Residential Cost per (Dkt)	\$8.64						
	42	Average Residential Monthly Bill	\$53.40						
	43								
	44	Plant in Service (Gross) per Customer	\$3,488						

Sch. 29		Montana Cust	omer Informatio	on- Natural Gas,	1/	
		Population		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Industrial	
	A 11	· ·	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total
	City	Census 2010	466	77	2	545
	Absarokee	1,150 180	56	9		65
		9,298	3,345	317	5	3,667
		9,298	194	44	1	239
4	-	218	4		-	4
	-	7,389	5,231	788	1	6,020
- -	÷ .	7,508	202	34	-	236
		598	293	71	-	364
		1,641	922	184	8	1,114
		4,270	1,356	209	-	1,565
1(-	104,170	18	3	2	. 23
	-	1,663	61	7		68
1:		1,183	476	79	2	557
1:		37,280	20,045	3,211	9	23,265
14	1	2,801	1,025	152	3	1,180
1(-	-	5	-	-	5
1		33,525	12,629	1,408	36	14,073
1		50	17	4	-	21
1		58	28	8	-	36
20		847	366	131	3	500
2		1,203	699	. 128	6	833
2	1	1,684	864	175	3	1,042
2		902	452	52	-	504
24		1,661	686	32	-	718 386
2		1,052	366	19	1	
20	6 Columbia Falls	4,688	3,332	366	· 3 6	3,701 1,239
2	7 Columbus	1,893	1,062	171	14	1,335
2	3 Conrad	2,570	1,115	206 25	-	136
29		539	111	25	_	1
30			1,150	- 87	-	1,237
3		976	44	11	1	56
3:		2,869	.1,611	210	6	1,827
3		3,111	2,044	332	5	2,381
- 34		4,134 309	2,044	52	2	258
3		363	132	45	1	178
31		1,984	1,960	.118	3	2,081
3		219	95	13	-	108
3		215	77	18	1	96
. 3		708	399	85	4	488
4		765	1,200	72	1	1,273
4			40	7	-	47
4		1,293	349	58	-	407
4.		1,464	641	155	Na statistica tradicionali de la constatistica de la constatistica de la constatistica de la constatistica de l	796
4		-	-	8	61	69
4		280	107	12		119
4	1	-	3	-	-	3
4		856	167	39	- 1 -	206
4			7	1	-	8
5		96	21	6	-	27
5		179	78	24	-	102
5		-	23	2	-	25
5	4	58,505	970	49	4	1,023

Sch. 29		Montana Cust	n- Natural Gas, 1/			
0011.20	Population				Industrial	
		Census 2010	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total
	City	112	44	6	-	50
1	-	112	60	12		72
2		4.040	3,930	702	7	4,639
3		4,348	312	· 64	2	378
4		808		98	2	626
5	Harlowton	997	526	656	9	5,194
6	Havre	10,026	4,529	2,375	28	20,269
. 7	Helena	53,457	17,866	2,375		115
8		118		36		266
· · · g	Hungry Horse	826	230			48
10	Inverness	55	35	13	2	172
11	Jefferson City	472	157	13	2	118
12		157	94	24	-	84
13		126	68	16	-	
14		19,927	11,714	2,016	16	13,746
15	4 1	98	47	15	- 1	62
16		6,718	11	1	-	12
17		-	7	-	-	7
18		5,901	2,936	488	11	3,435
19		7,044	3,991	565	15	4,571
20	1 -	99	41	6	-	47
21		-	2	1	-	3
22		3,892	1,625	95	-	1,720
22		85	42	19	-	61
		1,520	735	100	1	836
24		500	115	15	-	130
25		80	1	-	-	1
26			74	9	-	83
27		66,788	29,795	3,765	47	33,607
.28		2,715	742	66	· _	808
29		193	3	-	-	3
30		820	409	84	-	493
31		020	40	7	_	47
32		2,125	1,837	283	7	2,127
33		193	110	17	1	128
34	-		160	20		180
35		361	- 41	6	-	47
36		050	133	26		159
37		258	3	. 20	_	4
38		245	24	4	_	28
39		42	24	3		12
40	-	3,376		72	_	488
41		642	416	72 4	_	23
42	4	-	19	4	2	6
43	Silverbow	-	4	-	2	173
44	Simms	354	156	17	· •	402
45	Somers	1,109	382	20	-	-+UZ 4
46		42	1	-	·	1 005
47		1,809	1,588	242	.5	1,835
48		124	105	16	-	121
49		1,869	810	126	1	937
50		306	119	3	-	122
51		375	206	56	-	262

\$

Sch. 29									
		Population			Industrial				
	City	Census 2010	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total			
1	Valier	509		67	3	382			
2	Vaughn	658		22	1 1	354			
3	Victor	745		77	1	549			
4	Walkerville	675		12	_	248			
5	Warm Springs	-	14	. 1	.	- 15			
6	West Glacier	227	104	41	3	148			
7	Whitefish	6,357	4,005	487	4	4,496			
8	Whitehall	1,038	683	109	2	794			
9	Whitlash		2	3		5			
10	Williamsburg	-		_		- 1			
11	Willow Creek	210	92	12	-	104			
12	Wolf Creek		49	28	_	77			
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47	-4-1	E40.404	450 407			100.100			
48 T	1/ Customer populations	512,464	159,437	22,387	364	182,188			

1/ Customer populations represent an average of the 12 month period from 01/01/12 through 12/31/12.

Schedule 29B

	Sch. 30	MONTANA EMPLO	YEE COUNTS 1/		<u> </u>
		Department	Year Beginning	Year End	Average
	1	Utility Operations			
	3	Executive	. 2	2	2
. •	4	Customer Care	109	106	. 108
	5	Finance	123	128	126
	6	Regulatory Affairs	27	29	28
	7	Distribution	549	583	566
	8	Transmission	201	197	199
	9	Supply	32	31	32
	10	Legai	12	16	14
•	· 11				
	12				
	13				·
	14		•		
	15				
	16				
	17		·		
	18	TOTAL EMPLOYEES	1,055	1,092	1,074
		/ Consistent with prior years, part time employees have bee	en converted to ful	I-time equivalents.	

Sch. 31	TED)		
	Project Description	Total Company	Total Montana
1			
2	Electric Operations		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MT Elec Trans - Crooked Falls Switch Yard	\$1,898,568	\$1,898,568
	MT Elec Trans - 161kV Breaker Ring Bus	2,064,443	2,064,443
	MT Elec Trans - Jack-Rabbit-Big Sky 161kV Line	12,587,065	12,587,065
	MT Elec Trans - Columbus-Rapelje to Chrome Jct 100 kV line	2,331,225	2,331,225
	MT Elec Distribution - Elec Distribution Infrastructure Plan	44,871,666	44,871,666.
	MT Elec Distribution - Billings 8th Street Sub Ringbus	1,706,777	1,706,777
	SD Elec Trans - Yankton East Substation	3,048,058	
10 9	SD Elec Redfield to Broadland 115kV	5,073,432	
10	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	49,372,262	49,372,262
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each SD	15,556,282	
	Total Electric Utility Construction Budget	\$138,509,778	\$114,832,006
13			
14	Natural Gas Operations		
15	MT Gas Retail - Gas Distribution Infrastructure Plan	8,028,943	8,028,943
	MT Gas Trans - Pipeline Integrity Mgmt - Green Meadow Golf	1,697,296	1,697,296
	MT Gas Trans - Pipeline Integrity Mgmt - Other HCA projects	1,295,968	1,295,968
18			
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	14,212,070	14,212,070
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each SD NE	4,699,171	
	Total Natural Gas Utility Construction Budget	29,933,448	25,234,277
22			
23	Common		
	Fleet and Equipment Purchases	6,000,000	4,261,000
	BT CIS Upgrade and Consolidation	2,693,704	2,058,969
1	T AM-FM GIS system	1,254,984	1,091,836
201		1,204,004	1,031,030
28		1 000 040	
1	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	4,626,219	4,626,219
	Includes IT, Communications, Facilities, Cust Serv)		
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each SD NE	1,733,980	
32			
	otal Common Utility Construction Budget	16,308,887	12,038,024
34			
35 N	/IT CU4 capital additions - PPL invoice	6,461,700	6,461,700
36			
37 8	D Big Stone, Neal 4, Coyote partner capital	1,629,517	
	D Internal Generation - RICE NESHAP Compliance	3,825,938	
39		-,020,000	
1	All Other Droigets < \$1 Million Each MT	707 020	707 000
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each MT	797,030	797,030
	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each SD	1,314,309	7.050.700
	otal MT/SD Generation	14,028,494	7,258,730
43 T	OTAL CONSTRUCTION BUDGET	\$198,780,607	\$159,363,037

Sch. 32		MONTANA TRA				EMS -NATURAL GA	S
				sion System-Sales			
			of Month		me (MMBTU's)	Monthly Volumes	
	Month	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana
1 . 1	I January						5,294,558
2	E February				(4,514,237
3	March	•		ŀ			3,843,134
4		- 1	NOT	AVAILABLE 1/	I		2,665,181
5	1 .			1	1		2,434,531
	1 1						1,890,732
	July		. ,				1,721,309
8		. [·		-			1,756,552
9	, ·					and the second	1,941,513
10					1		3,320,017
11	November			· ·	· ·		4,083,074
12	December			·			5,499,123
13	TOTAL		LASS CONTRACTOR	Real Processing of the	ACCORDENTS OF A		38,963,961
14		,			······································		
15							
16			Distribut	ion System-Sales a	nd Transportatio		
17		Sales Vo		Transportatio		Monthly Volumes	(MMBTIL's)
	Month	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana	Total Company	Montana
19			2,845,177		20,517		2,865,694
		}					
20	February		2,773,755		23,104		2,796,859
21	March		2,453,708		21,106		2,474,814
22	April		1,720,361		17,112		1,737,473
23	May		1,119,241		17,529		1,136,770
24	June	ļ	872,928		11,949		884,877
25	July		483,168		5,940		489,108
26	August		373,607		1,914		375,521
27	September		445,576		2,056		447,632
28	October		760,009	•	1,565		761,574
29	November	Í	1,645,708		13,970		1,659,678
30	December		2,366,116		8,963		
-							2,375,079
	TOTAL		17,059,354		145,725		18,005,079
32							
33							
34				tem-Sales and Tran			
35		Peak Day & Pe				Volumes (MMBTU's	
. 36		Total Company	Montana	Total Monta		Energy Supp	
37	Month	1/	1/	Injection	Withdrawal	Injection	Withdrawal
	January			4,589	2,984,571		1,800,980
39	February	ĺ		2,150	2,172,904		1,488,717
40	March		1	50,013	1,296,763		748,576
41	April			1,470,242	118,526		402,721
42	May			1,598,838	92,810	74,690	
43	June			2,623,798	33,771	1,350,711	
44	July	1		2,752,327	43,771	1,873,046	
45	August			2,428,346	203,504	1,725,804	•
46	September		[2,202,942	38,788	1,467,132	
47	October		ļ	902,997	363,321	274,664	ł
48	November			65,628	1,277,124		985,288
49	December			1,502	2,907,157	A CONTRACT OF AND A	1,702,711
50T	OTAL			14,103,372	11,533,010	6,766,047	7,128,993
51							
	1/ Data is not	accumulated on a	daily basis th	erefore the peak day	and peak day volu	umes are not availabl	e
53							-: .
54							
54 55							1
00			<u></u> .			······	

Sch. 33	SOURCES OF MONTANA CORE NATURAL GAS SUPPLY								
		Last Year	This Year	Last Year	This Year				
		Volumes	Volumes	Avg. Commodity	Avg. Commodity				
	Supply Location	MMBTU	MMBTU	Cost	Cost				
1									
2	Canadian Pipeline	7,117,552	an an tha an tha an	\$6.6010	and the second second				
3	Havre Pipeline	6,215,072		3.6110					
•4	Encana Pipeline	5,905,184		3.6360	and the second second				
5	Intra Montana Purchase	1,760,483		3.6970	and the second second				
6	TOTAL CORE SUPPLY LAST YEAR	20,998,291		\$4.7136					
7									
8	Canadian Pipeline	4 T	4,937,212	·	\$6.2040				
9	Havre Pipeline		6,183,377		2.3523				
. 10	Encana Pipeline	· · · ·	5,569,658		2.2917				
11	Intra Montana Purchase		1,072,533		2.3156				
12	TOTAL CORE SUPPLY THIS YEAR		17,762,780	·	\$3.2817				
13				· · · · ·					
14	Note: This schedule does not include con	npany owned	production.						
15									
16			, ,						

Sch. 34	MONTANA CONSERVATION & DE		D			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- <u></u> _		·		
	MONTANA CONSERVATION & DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS										
								Achieved			
							Savings	Savings	•		
	Program Description (These are Gas DSM Programs)		rrent Year penditures		vious Year	%	(Mcf or	(Mcf or			
1			pendicutes		penditures	Change	Dkt)	Dkt)	Difference		
2 3	2012 Residential Gas DSM Program	\$	908,234	\$	2,597,885	-65.04%	82,971	47,991	(34,980)		
4	2012 E+ Business Partners Program (Gas)	\$	256,498	\$	207,376	23.69%	14,746	8,529	(6,217)		
6 7	2012 E+ Natural Gas Residential New Construction Program	\$	34,726	\$	30,517	13.79%	1,094	633	(461)		
8 9	2012 E+ Natural Gas Commercial Existing Program	\$	269,044	\$	367,234	-26.74%	22,305	12,901	(9,403)		
10 11	2012 E+ Natural Gas Commercial New Construction Program	\$	31,963	\$	27,248	17.30%	2,155	1,247	(909)		
12 13	2012 Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance (NEEA)*	\$	1,460,604	\$	1,649,724	-11.46%	4,495	2,600	(1,895)		
14 15	2012 E+ Natural Gas Building Blocks Program	\$	50	\$	-	0.00%	· 0	0	0		
16 17								1			
18 19											
20											
21	A program participant is a Montana residential and/or										
226	commercial natural gas customer who installs eligible							•			
23	energy conservation measures and receives financial										
24	ncentives/rebates										
	Note: NEEA even ditures are the full op (a NEE)										
27	Note: NEEA expeditures are the full 2012 NEEA costs, costs are			1					•		
28	not allocated by gas and electric savings amounts.								•		
29											
30		1		1					•		
31											
32	TOTAL	\$	2,961,068	-	1 970 094	20.000/	407 705				
		Ψ	2,301,008	<u> </u> \$ '	4,879,984	-39.32%	127,766	73,901	(53,865		

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Schedule 34

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Sch. 35	1. 35 MONTANA CONSUMPTION AND REVENUES - NATURAL GAS										
			Operating Revenues 1/				old 1/	Average Customers			
		Current			Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous		
	Description		Year		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year		
1	Sales of Natural Gas	1 .									
2				1	101.100.105	11000 (10		450.407			
3	Residential	\$	102,161,589	\$.124,123,425	11,826,148			158,520		
. 4	Commercial		51,616,810	•	63,396,389	6,082,118		22,330	22,183		
5	Industrial Firm	1	1,012,511		1,465,611	121,657	162,037	271	278		
6	Public Authorities		460,505		509,413	55,235	55,584	93	90		
	Interdepartmental		438,189		535,898	53,474		57	56		
·. 8	Sales to Other Utilities 2/		1,131,234	<u>.</u>	1,578,987	197,544		4	4		
	TOTAL SALES	\$.	156,820,838		191,609,723	18,336,176 20,490,449 Dkt Transported		182,192 181,13 Average Customers			
10			Operating	Re							
11			Current	1	Previous	Current	Previous	Current	Previous		
12	Transportation of Cas		Year		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year		
14	Transportation of Gas										
	On System Transportation	\$	21,154,345	\$	21,083,808	22,424,620	20,965,064	253	252		
	Off System Transportation & Storage	Ð	7,213	φ	405,978	109,154	73,956	253	4		
	Canadian Montana Pipeline		127,772	1	405,978 104,077	109,104	73,950	3	4		
	TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	\$	21,289,330	\$	21,593,863	22,533,774	21,039,020	256	256		
10	TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	φ	21,209,000	φ	21,085,005	22,000,774	21,039,020	250	200		
20	•										
20											
21											
· 22											
23	·										
24							·				
26							•				
27											
28					,						
29							1				
	1/ Revenue and Dkts include unbilled	and C	anadian Monta	nal	Pipeline						
31	30 1/ Revenue and Dkts include unbilled and Canadian Montana Pipeline.										
	2/ Includes Sales to Other Utilities only	. as c	ompared to So	hed	ule 9 which inc	ludes all Sales fo	or Resale.				
33											
34											
35											
36							•				
37											
38											
39						•					
40	рж с с.		·			· · ·	ي يوني				
41											
	····										

Sch. 36a	Natural Gas Universal System Benefits Programs									
		Actual Current	Contracted or Committed	Total Current	Expected	Most recent				
		Year	Current Year	Year	savings	program				
	Program Description	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Dkt)	evaluation				
1	Local Conservation									
2	E+ Residential Audit	\$ 903,270	\$ -	\$ 903,270	36,537	2012				
3	NWE Promotion	57,569	-	57,569						
4	NWE Labor	20,819	· · · · ·	20,819	the thirt story					
5		102	-	102						
6		(119)	-	(119)						
7										
8		1,226,598	· · · –	1,226,598						
9		1,056,150	, - (1,056,150	10,814	2012				
10		336,000	. –	336,000	·					
11	NWE Promotion	520	· –	520	· ·					
12		35,348	-	35,348						
13		2,006	-	2,006						
14	<u></u>	(435)		(435)						
	Total	\$ 3,637,828	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,637,828	47,350 8,947					
		Number of customers that received low income rate discounts								
	Average monthly bill discount ar	\$ 22.85	(a)							
1	Average LIEAP-eligible househo	n/a								
	Number of customers that receive	444 (b)								
	Expected average annual bill sa	24 Dkt								
	Number of residential audits performed 3,808 (b)									
	(a) Average monthly bill discount is for the six (6) month time period that the natural gas rate discount is in effect.									
26	(b) Total savings and number of customers is reported for the combination of 2011 electric and natural gas USB funds expended in 2011.									
24	Note: Order 6679e, allows NWE to track				nd revenues					
	and adjust the Natural Gas USB C	Charge for any over o	or under collections	3.						

Schedule 36a

Sch. 36b	Montana Conservation & Demand Side Management Programs							
	Program Description (These are Gas USB Programs)	Actual Current Year Expenditures		Total Current Year Expenditures	Expected savings (dKt)	Most recent program evaluation		
1	Local Conservation				<u>.</u>			
2	E+ Energy Audit for the Home (Natural Gas)	\$ 903,270	\$ -	\$ 903,270	36,537	2012		
8	Demand Response				i	<u> </u>		
9 14								
15	Market Transformation							
16 21	Building Operator Certification	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	214	2012		
22	Research & Development							
23 28						NA		
29	Low Income							
30 34		\$ 1,056,150	\$-	\$ 1,056,150	10,814	2012		
35	Other							
36 47		· ·						
48	Total	\$ 1,959,420	\$ -	\$ 1,959,420	47,565			

Schedule 36b